



EUROPEAN NEWS

West Germany cracks down on asylum seekers

BY DAVID MARSH IN BONN

WEST GERMANY, facing a flood of refugees into the country, yesterday decided on measures to speed up the deportation of foreigners deemed to have no chance of securing political asylum. The move, decided at the weekly Cabinet meeting, reflects simmering controversy about the tens of thousands of foreigners trying to take advantage of West Germany's generous asylum laws to take up residence in the country. The asylum provisions, contained in the country's Basic Law (provisional constitution) were framed mainly as a result of Nazi Germany's persecution of Jews. Under yesterday's decision, refugees who have been streaming into the Federal Republic over the last few years from countries as diverse as Iran, Poland and Ghana will find it far more difficult to stay if they fail to meet legal criteria for being granted asylum. The measure will also require each state to set up offices to organise deportation of people with no chance of being given permanent refuge. Mr Norbert von Nieding, head of the Federal Office for the Recognition of Foreign Refugees, based near Nuremberg, said it was logical that refugees whose asylum applications were turned down should leave the country. He said West German policy was still not to return people to civil war areas. Just over 57,000 people sought asylum last year, down from nearly 100,000 in 1986. Mr Friedrich Zimmermann, the Interior Minister, underlined this week that earlier measures to stem the refugee flow - which he described as an onslaught had failed to break trend. The government has no overall figures for the numbers of refugees deported. However, the Interior Ministry yesterday said only about 20 per cent of asylum-seekers who have their applications turned down are expelled. According to the government, about 35 per cent of refugees could be deported almost immediately because they have no valid asylum claim. It labels most asylum-seekers "economic" rather than "political" refugees who are blatantly misusing West Germany's liberal asylum provisions. After lengthy investigations and court cases which can take years, only between 8 and 9 per cent of asylum-seekers win refugee status. But many others - a group now believed to total about 270,000 - remain in a legal limbo, having no permanent right to remain in the country but also no desire to return to their country of origin.

European pulp and paper output at record levels

BY MAGGIE URRY

EUROPEAN pulp and paper production rose to record levels in 1987, making a fifth successive year of good volume growth, according to the European Paper Institute. Pulp production exceeded 27.4m tonnes, a rise of 4.8 per cent over the 1986 figure, with virtually all the increase coming from Sweden and Finland. Since 1982 European pulp production has risen by 26 per cent. Paper and board makers totalled a 5.9 per cent volume gain to 49.3m tonnes during the year, a 26 per cent gain on the amount produced in 1983. The greatest rises in paper and board production were seen in Germany, Sweden and Finland. All the major grades of paper and board, with the exception of uncoated woodfree paper, exceeded their long-term growth rates in 1987. The fastest rate of growth was shown by coated paper, up 13.9 per cent year-on-year to 7.5m tonnes, reflecting the strength of advertising in Europe. Newsprint showed a 5.5 per cent rise in production to 7.1m tonnes. Production of case materials rose 7.8 per cent to 9.5m tonnes.

Survey exposes huge differences in cost of life insurance in EC

THE average European life insurance policy holder has so far failed to get any benefits from the EC's drive to create a free internal market in financial services, according to the Bureau of European Consumer Organisations (Beuc). A study published by Beuc yesterday reveals huge differences in premiums charged for similar policies by 34 insurance companies across the EC. The divergence is "out of all proportion" to differing success of insurance

BY WILLIAM DAWKINS IN BRUSSELS

more for a 30-year-old male smoker in Portugal than in the UK. The difference is not that smokers live more dangerously in Portugal, but that premiums are fixed at a high level by Lisbon authorities. Depending on the terms of the policy, annual premiums would be the equivalent of between Ecu25 (25) and Ecu 123 in the UK, rising to Ecu 500 in Portugal. The second most expensive country for life insurance in the EC is Greece, where a similar policy would cost up to Ecu496, followed by Italy, where the premium would be Ecu373. In France, the premium would be up to Ecu300 and in West Germany, the policy would cost between Ecu252 and Ecu285. The results suggest wise consumers across Europe should obtain insurance from a UK company. However, Beuc points out that policies in foreign currencies are banned in Belgium, Spain and Ireland, while companies need special approval to offer

insurance in foreign currency in France, Luxembourg and West Germany. In addition, almost all EC countries require foreign life insurance companies to set up local subsidiaries. "The UK alone allows foreign companies to compete freely," it says. "The system of official approval... is the main stumbling block in the creation of a supra-national market." Another serious barrier is the differing interpretation of insurance contracts by national courts. Beuc warns the Belgians, French, Irish, Italians and Portuguese that courts from the country in question would find the contract null and void, in the event of a dispute. Beuc accepts that life insurance would take longer to liberalise than non-life insurance - itself a technical and political minefield - because it involves people's savings. All the same, the group says it is unfortunate that the Commission has not yet drafted plans for the sector.

French civil servants win rise

BY GEORGE GRAHAM IN PARIS

THE French Government has awarded a 1 per cent pay rise to public sector employees as a down payment towards a full 1988 wage settlement. The increase is more generous than expected but follows several years of pay restraint for the state sector. Last year wages rose only 1.7 per cent, while inflation was 3.1 per cent. The government has been unable to agree a settlement with civil service unions for the last two years. An early agreement this year seemed even less likely in view of the presidential election in next month. The 1 per cent increase, as well as some smaller increases in family allowances paid to government employees, take effect on March 1 and will therefore be visible in wage packets before the first round of the presidential election. Mr Edouard Balladur, the finance minister, has argued for strict maintenance of employees' purchasing power in line with inflation forecast at 2.5 per cent in 1988. More recently, he has adopted a more accommodating line, indicating that a slight increase in purchasing power was preferable to social unrest. The government has, however, adopted a less interventionist policy on wage settlements this year. For the first time since 1976

it has not sent any written pay directive to public sector companies, although less formal indications have been given of its desire for pay rises not to outstrip inflation. Pay negotiations at major public sector employers such as Electricite de France or Societe Nationale des Chemins de Fer, the state railway, have nevertheless proved difficult, and isolated strike action has already begun. Negotiations in the private sector are also expected to be less centralised this year. The Conseil National du Patronat Français, the employers' federation, has also circulated a less detailed set of guidelines to its members



Edouard Balladur more accommodating line

Manufacturers unite to fight counterfeiters

BY GEORGE GRAHAM IN PARIS

FIVE European manufacturers' federations have joined forces to fight the rise in sales of counterfeit goods ranging from Cartier watches and Louis Vuitton bags to aspirin and brake pads. The new Committee against Counterfeiting, chaired by Mr Pierre Amberg, former president of Switzerland, will have an initial operating budget of FF500m for its fight against the counterfeiters, who are mostly based in such countries as South Korea, Taiwan and Morocco. Counterfeit goods using well-known names or trademarks are estimated by the committee to achieve sales of over \$70bn a year. The industry is claimed to cause 130,000 job losses a year in the US and 100,000 in the European Community. The Swiss watch industry says it loses SFr7bn a year from counterfeiting, while the French perfume industry estimates annual losses at 10 per cent of sales. French luxury goods manufacturers such as the up-market clothing maker Lacoste - whose crocodile emblem appears on millions of non-Lacoste shirts - have been among the leaders in the fight against counterfeiters. Mr Bernard Lacoste, who heads the company, said yesterday Dutch police had seized ten days ago 800,000 crocodile emblems destined for clothing producers in Morocco, and that earlier seizures had been made in Italy. The committee has already set up an office in South Korea, which is generally reckoned to be the champion of counterfeiting and is expected to increase its activities in the run-up to the Olympic Games in Seoul. Another office will be established in Tokyo to co-ordinate action in the Far East.

Armenian women honour victims of ethnic riot

BY CHRISTOPHER BOBINSKI IN MOSCOW

WOMEN in Yerevan in the troubled Soviet republic of Armenia yesterday laid flowers in memory of the 31 killed in racial riots in the Azerbaïjani city of Sumgait 10 days ago. A resident of the city contacted by telephone said: "Everyone is out on the street. We're laying wreaths for the victims of Sumgait at the monument. The mood is peaceful and everything is well organised." Yesterday was International Women's Day, a major holiday in the Soviet Union, and the focus of the ceremony was a monument to Armenians massacred by the Turks in 1915, a moment etched deeply in the Armenian national consciousness. "We all want the annexation of Nagorno Karabakh to Armenia," said my contact, referring to the district of Azerbaïjan inhabited by Armenians at the centre of last month's riots, strikes and demonstrations in Soviet Transcaucasia. The demonstrations were called off when Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader, promised to consider the Armenians' demands. But more demonstrations are threatened on March 25 if the concessions fail to satisfy Armenian aspirations. Meanwhile in Moscow, the Moscow News, a weekly which is a vehicle for the reforming wing of the Soviet establishment, yesterday broke the blackout on comment in the Soviet media on the events in Transcaucasia. Mr Igor Yakovlev, the editor, blamed the Soviet Union's nationalities problems on past neglect arising from Stalin's "primitive" policies. "The national question had become a taboo in Soviet society," he wrote.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS CASE DROPPED

Commission bangs a drum for small brass band supplier

BY WILLIAM DAWKINS IN BRUSSELS

HARMONY was yesterday officially restored to the European Community's brass band instrument market following the resolution of a clash between Boosey & Hawkes, the UK musical instruments maker and three of the industry's smaller players. It came in the form of a decision by European Commission competition authorities to withdraw a legal action against Boosey & Hawkes for allegedly trying to put a stop to the activities of a new brass band making venture, founded to compete against its top range of brass band instruments. Brussels was satisfied that Boosey & Hawkes had stopped trying to make life difficult for the venture, Brass Band Instruments (BBI), based in Luton, north of London. Competition officials were yesterday congratulating themselves for having successfully trumpeted the cause of the small businessman under threat from being drowned out by the big noises in his market. BBI was launched late in 1986 by Southsea-based Gabriels Horn House, ironically Boosey & Hawkes' largest customer, with RCN, a specialist repairer of brass instruments in Luton. They were attracted by the idea of trying to make a hit among Britain's 2,500 brass bands, to which Boosey & Hawkes had until recently a near-monopoly of supply. Even more attractive was the swelling number of brass band lovers now said to be emerging. The newcomers' efforts, however, struck a discordant note at Boosey & Hawkes. The trio complained to the Commission last summer that they were in imminent danger of going out of business because Boosey & Hawkes was refusing to supply them with its own instruments. Gabriels and RCN needed supplies of Boosey & Hawkes instruments and spare parts to keep their traditional businesses going until the new brass instrument making venture, which they were both backing, had made its number in the music industry. Boosey & Hawkes argued that it had a right to tone down its supplies because the small companies were late with payments. Brussels' response was to order Boosey & Hawkes to resume supplies while Commission experts looked into whether EC competition laws were being contravened. On the strength of that, the new instrument making venture got a peace agreement with Boosey & Hawkes through the British courts, which gave BBI the breathing space it needed to get its own range of instruments out on the market. Satisfied at last, BBI asked the Commission to stop its legal action.

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EUROPEAN NEWS

Thatcher to press Portugal on farms

By Diana Smith in Lisbon

MRS MARGARET THATCHER is expected to discuss Portugal's failure to compensate British farmers...

Relations are generally good between the allies, whose ties go back 602 years to the Treaty of Windsor.

But a shadow is cast by persistently delayed payment of ECU to a British farmers' syndicate...

Years later it was returned to him, run down, minus equipment and saddled with debts run up by the occupants in Mr Wardle's name.

Ever since the brief revolution melted away, British officials, and lawyers for the people affected have appealed to, written to (often without receiving any reply) and badgered successive Portuguese governments...

Mrs Thatcher raises the subject whenever she sees Mr Cavaco Silva - quite often, now they are European Community partners.

Portuguese officials have been shy of compensating British farmers, fearing it would propel hundreds of uncompensated Portuguese farmers forward with far more expensive demands.

The only foreign farmers promptly compensated were three Germans. Their Government was then granting substantial amounts of aid to Portugal...

The Cavaco Silva Government recently proposed legislation for the Alentejo, where farm seizures were concentrated, including compensation for farm buildings lost in 1975.

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Judy Dempsey argues that Austrians still shrink from facing the facts about their annexation by Germany fifty years ago Anschluss ghosts stir Austria's guilt-laden memory of conflict

THE CONFLICTS exhumed in Austria by the commemoration this week of the 50th anniversary of Anschluss, the German annexation of the country, were bound to be bitter. They have only been deepened by the continuing controversy over Mr Kurt Waldheim, Austria's President, who was found by an international commission of historians to have lied about his wartime activities.

The debates over the Waldheim affair have aroused bitter feelings in a country unaccustomed to such polarised views. 'Shadows of the past we had thought long overcome have caught up with us,' Austrian Chancellor Franz Vranitzky said recently.

'We must concentrate... not only on March 11, 1938, but analyse the political cost of such a union when they saw how Hitler came to power in Germany in 1933.'

As one emigre Austrian historian wrote: 'The Anschluss unleashed a surging feeling of all-German nationalism that represented one of the most curious, complex and abrupt turnabouts of public opinion in modern European history.'

The Anschluss also unleashed destruction. Austria's Jewish community of over 200,000 was decimated, 20,000 were picked up overnight by the Gestapo, and 32,000 political prisoners died in the camps or prisons for resisting.

The Austrian republic's democratic roots were weak from its inception in November 1918. The country lost its vast empire and its industrial base, and few Austrians had confidence in the viability of their country on its own.

But union with Germany was forbidden under the terms of the 1919 treaty of Saint Germain. The Socialists, led by Mr Otto Bauer, the Austro-Marxist, and the Christian Social Party under Monsignor Ignaz Seipel, the Chancellor, supported the idea of Anschluss. But after the League of Nations granted Austria a £50m Gold Crown loan, the young state gained a degree of self-confidence.

The tragedy is that the growing self-confidence was channelled neither into strengthening the democratic institutions nor into creating the basis for a stronger political culture. Instead, the Catholic and corporatist-oriented CSP, whose power base was centred in the provinces, set out to destroy the Socialists, whose stronghold was in 'Red Vienna.'

The urban working and middle classes, under the umbrella of the Social Democrats, had little empathy with the rural and petit bourgeoisie and vice versa - divisions which linger to this day.

The growing tension was fostered by Monsignor Seipel, a fanatical Catholic who loathed the Socialists. In July 1927 police fired on workers protesting against the acquittal of members of the Heimwehr, the paramilitary wing of the CSP, who had murdered two people during a Socialist demonstration.

In reaction, the workers burned down the Justice Palace. From then on Austria's fragile democratic institutions had little strength to defend themselves against the rise of the far right and Austria's own brand of clerical-fascism.

In March 1933, Mr Engelbert Dollfuss, the CSP Chancellor, disbanded parliamentary democracy. 'Dollfuss could have stemmed the rise of the Nazis by broadening his political base, by seeking a rapprochement with the Socialists. But he never did. It was only a matter of time before Hitler could dictate the events,' an Austrian historian argued.

Dollfuss himself was murdered by the Nazis in July 1934. Austria tore itself apart. After a bitter civil war in February 1934, the CSP drove the Social Democrats and the Schutzbund, the Republican defence corps, underground. Schuschnigg's authoritarian Fatherland Front, the only legal political movement, relegated Austrian democracy to the history books.

Dogged by the Nazis, but refusing to work with the Socialists, on July 22, 1938, Schuschnigg signed the Austro-German agreement which placed pro-Nazi ministers in charge of foreign affairs and internal security. The agreement effectively sealed the fate of an independent Austria.

As the Nazis threw Austrian Jews and Communists, Catholics and Socialists into the concentration camps, a tacit pact was agreed among them: after the war, Austrians would join together to avoid the bitter conflicts of the civil war and the destruction of parliamentary democracy.

'The memory of those days was too awful. You cannot understand the deep hatred between the Blacks (conservatives) and the Reds. When Hitler walked in, we knew we did little to stop him. We thought, but I don't know if we believed it, that at last the terrible days of tension and conflict would end and we would have some peace,' a retired banker explained.

Fifty years later, Austrian historians and intellectuals say it is time to confront the past. 'It will mean discussing those tragic days when we alone destroyed our democracy and made it easier for Hitler to walk in,' an historian argues. But, he added, 'if we really believe our own institutions today are strong enough to deal with the past, we should begin to trust those very institutions which we destroyed in the 1930s.'



A German soldier arrives in Vienna on the day of the Anschluss

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Chirac calls for France to play bigger Nato role

BY IAN DAVIDSON IN PARIS

MR JACQUES CHIRAC, French Prime Minister and presidential candidate, has called for France to play a more active role in Nato, to strengthen the European pillar of the alliance.

Mr Chirac also urged a strengthening of France's bilateral defence links with its European partners, as well as for a strengthening of the seven-nation Western European Union defence grouping.

The proposal for a bigger French role in Nato, put forward by Mr Chirac at a press conference to spell out the defence policy aspects of his electoral programme, aimed to go further than previous official pronouncements.

In recent years, and especially since 1982, French governments of both left and right have steadily but cautiously shifted the national consensus on defence policy away from an exclusive emphasis on national independence, towards a greater stress on France alliance commitments.

In public, government spokesmen regularly insist on France's political fidelity to its membership of Nato. In practice, however, most of the recent innovations in French defence policy, which have been designed to give this fidelity credibility in defence terms, have revolved around the bilateral relationship with West Germany: the creation of the Force d'Action Rapide, last year's large-scale joint manoeuvres with German forces, the creation of the mixed Franco-German brigade, and the establishment of the Franco-German Defence Council.

Mr Chirac declined to spell out in detail his ideas for strengthening the European pillar of the alliance, but he implied unmistakably that Nato needed to change, to take account of a more important European dimension.

He said: 'France should play a more active role inside the Atlantic Alliance in order to make it an alliance of equals: North America, on one side, and Western Europe on the other. The Atlantic Alliance can only be strong if Europe is strong and united; today everybody is convinced of this truth.'

'The Alliance was conceived at a time when Europe was incapable of defending itself, and when the resentments of two world wars had not yet been dispelled; sooner or later it must adapt to the revolution which has taken place in the past 30 years, marked by the Franco-German reconciliation and an irreversible process of European construction.'

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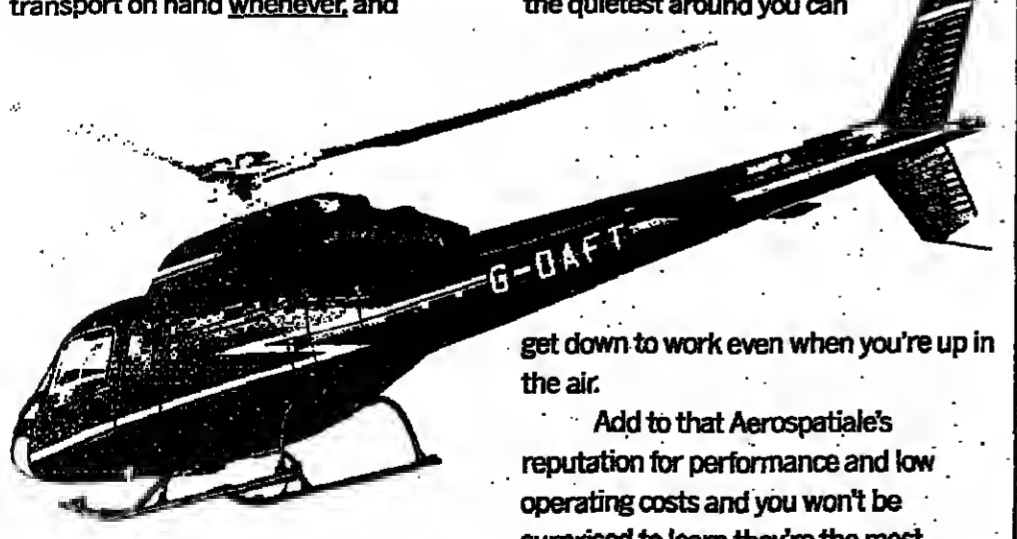


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OVERSEAS NEWS

Shamir to present counter peace plan

ISRAELI Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir will present his own Middle East peace plan in Washington next week as a counter-proposal to a US peace initiative...

Trouble-shooting monk faces an uncertain future after failing to end protest

Tibet riots end lama's balancing act

FIERCE anti-Chinese rioting in Lhasa last week could herald the political downfall of one of Tibet's most mysterious figures...

acted as a collaborator by others who call him "a Chinese chameleon." But the tables were turned when anti-Chinese protests erupted on the last day of the festival...



The Panchen Lama

and thousands of pilgrims to Lhasa, passed peacefully. Only three weeks ago, senior Communist figures feted the Panchen Lama on his return to Peking...

Peking says 309 police hurt in Lhasa protests

BY ROBERT THOMSON IN PEKING

CHINESE officials said yesterday that at least 309 police were injured in a bloody pro-independence protest on Saturday in Lhasa, the Tibetan capital...

Afghan war negotiators get down to details

By William Dulforce in Geneva

INDIRECT TALKS between Pakistan and the Soviet-backed regime in Kabul on the withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan continued to hang fire yesterday...

Malaysian GDP beats predictions

By Wong Sulong in Kuala Lumpur

THE MALAYSIAN economy grew by 4.7 per cent last year and growth is likely to exceed 4 per cent this year, Sultan Mahmud Iskandar, the Malaysian King, said in his speech at the opening of Parliament...

South Africa raises bank rate to 10.5%

BY JIM JONES IN JOHANNESBURG

THE SOUTH African Reserve Bank last night raised the bank rate to 10.5 per cent from 9.5 per cent and said the country's commercial banks would follow by raising their benchmark prime overdraft lending rates to 14 per cent from 13 per cent...

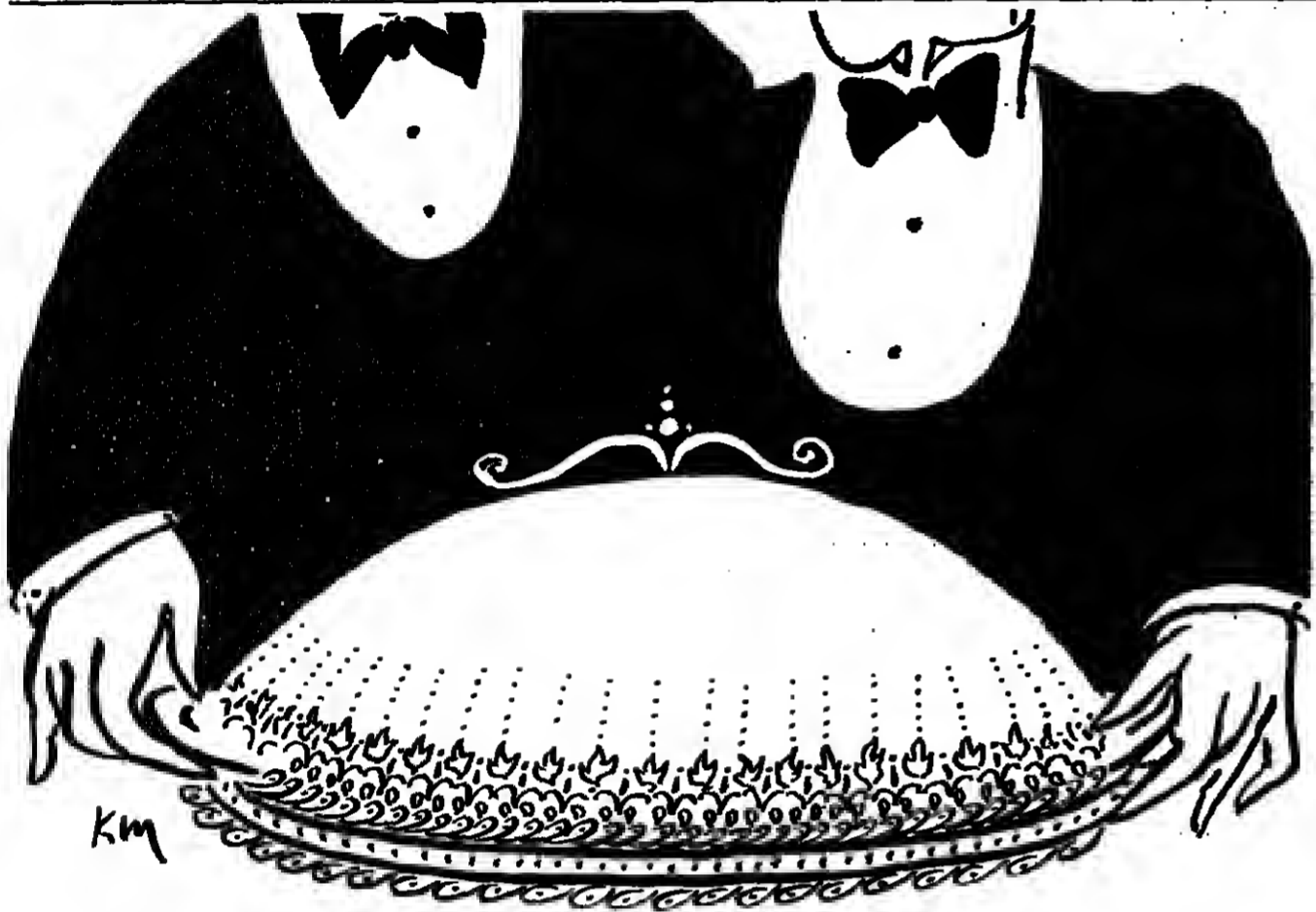
Punjab threat rejected

SIKH leaders yesterday condemned a threat of emergency rule in Punjab if Sikh separatists rejected Delhi's peace overtures...

Assad dismisses Shultz Mideast peace plan

SYRIA'S President Hafez al-Assad dismissed the latest US peace proposals for the Middle East and indicated a long struggle with Israel lay ahead...

man said yesterday. "The Prime Minister is preparing his own proposal, a peace plan he will submit to President Reagan and Secretary of State George Shultz when he meets Shultz in Washington between March 14 and 17..."



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TRAVEL COMPANION OF AIR FRANCE

Illustration by Ken Kempinski for the Meridien.

Notice of Annual General Meeting of Shareholders

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Notice of Annual General Meeting of Shareholders

DOLLAR-BAER

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN of the Annual General Meeting to be held at Julius Baer Bank and Trust Company Ltd., Butterfield House, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, on the 30th day of March, 1988 at 10 a.m. for the following purposes:

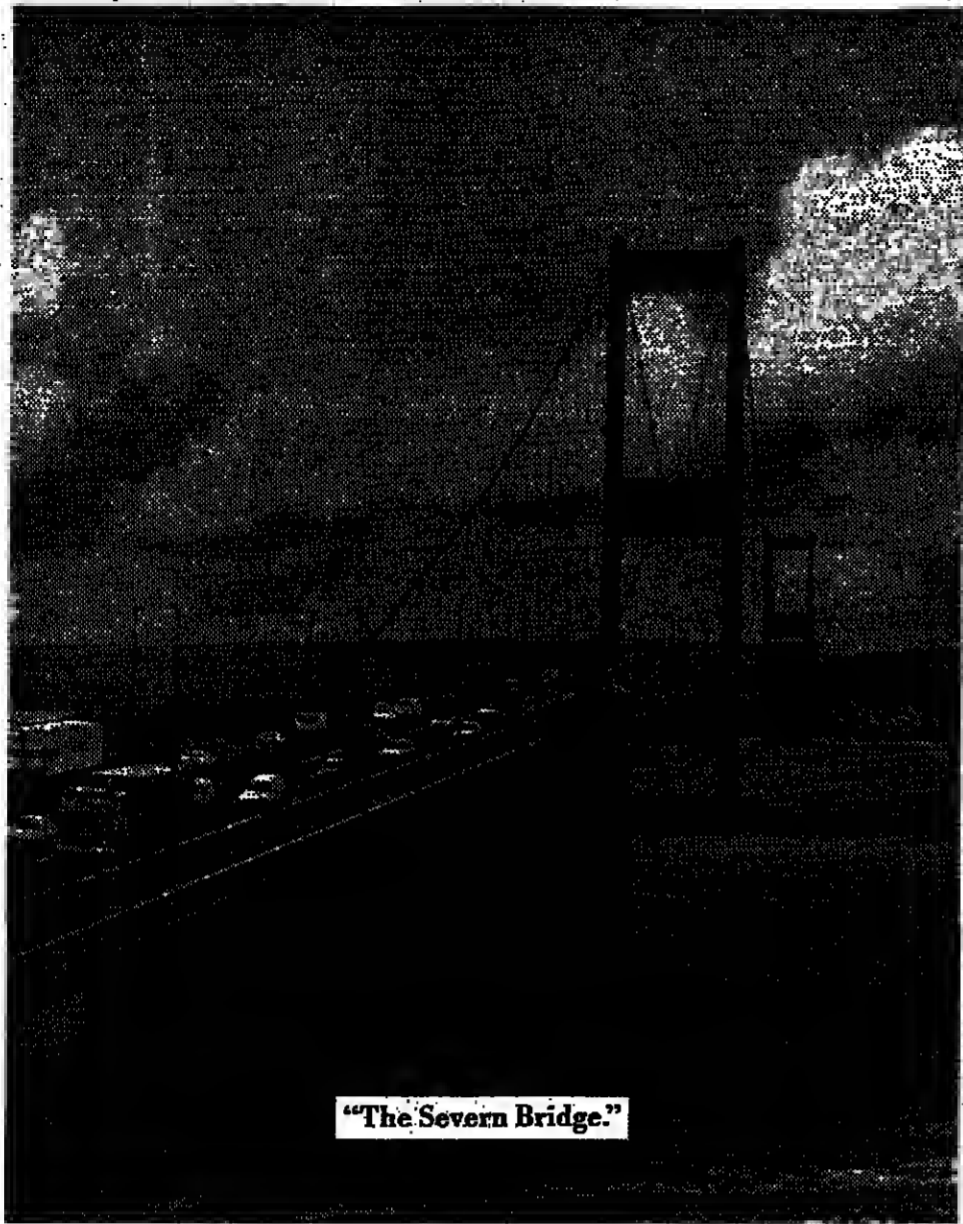
Notice of Annual General Meeting of Shareholders

D-MARK-BAER

Julius Baer D-Mark Bond Fund Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN of the Annual General Meeting to be held at Julius Baer Bank and Trust Company Ltd., Butterfield House, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, on the 30th day of March, 1988 at 10.30 a.m. for the following purposes:

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AMERICAN NEWS

UK seeks to defuse row on Falklands exercises

BY LYNTON MCLAIN

THE BRITISH Government and the Royal Air Force yesterday sought to reassure South America of the "modest scale" of the UK exercise to practice reinforcement of the Falkland Islands.

The exercise builds up this week with preparations for an attack of troops and the deployment of Royal Air Force Phantom fighters and Nimrod aircraft, in the face of sharp criticism from Argentina and other South American countries.

Mr Feern said Argentina "may still be seeking a debate in the United Nations Security Council on the exercise, although such an exercise threatens no-one."

Judgment tightens US merger rules

By Anatole Kaletsky in New York

US PUBLIC companies will face pressure to make earlier disclosures about preliminary merger talks - as well as being exposed to greater risks from shareholder lawsuits if they fail to do so - after a Supreme Court judgment announced on Monday.

The Supreme Court decision, in a 10-year shareholder lawsuit against Basic Inc, a Cleveland chemicals company, received two thorny issues of stockmarket regulation.

In the first of these issues, the court ruled unanimously that a company's management had an obligation not to mislead its shareholders about the existence of merger talks, even if these were only at a preliminary stage.

The second issue decided in the Basic case was the right of shareholders to bring suits against management even if they could not prove that they had specifically relied on the company's statements in making their investment decisions.

Two Dawney studies the omens after the sacking of Brazil's Central Bank governor Sarney fiddles while heads roll

A STRONG whiff of decadent, late-period Rome hangs about the glass and concrete ramparts of Brasilia these days. This Monday was a case in point.

As Congressmen debated an obscure new constitutional clause on national control of the sub-soil, they remained entirely oblivious to the blood-letting in the executive corridors of real power outside.

By early evening, reporters and civil servants were all aware that something was up in President Jose Sarney's Planalto Palace. Rumours and slanders swirled among the tower-blocks.

Was Finance Minister Malfrido de Nobrega about to resign in protest at the President's foot-dragging on spending cuts? Was Central Bank president Fernando Milhet due to be sacked or promoted? What was Mr Celso Calazans, the long-serving Banco do Brasil chief doing there?

Bankers saw the departure of Mr Calazans and Mr Milhet as welcome signs of a consolidation of control of economic policy by Mr Malfrido de Nobrega, the Finance Minister, Alexander Nicolli reports. Que said that the completion of a new team "will help Mr Nobrega internally and is important in advancing progress towards a deal with the International Monetary Fund."

Mr William Rhodes, the Citibank executive who heads the bank's committee negotiating with Brazil, said: "I feel that this is no way changes the tone of our negotiations."

It will not be the most mortared. His role in the current debt negotiations has been more as winged messenger - forger airborne between Brasilia and Washington - than table thumper.

Through Mr Milhet has headed the team in the recently productive talks with the banks, bankers on the committee feel that the country has other highly professional negotiators, especially Mr Antonio de Padua Seixas.

Bankers are very conscious, however, that the biggest question mark hangs over whether Brazil's recent return to more orthodox relations with its creditors will ultimately win political approval at home.

he had been badly in need of a victory. That opportunity came, like a gift, from Mr Calazans, who last year succeeded in sinking Mr Nobrega's predecessor's pay policy with a strategic rise to his surprise just after a state sector freeze had been called.

bloated public sector whose wages alone are now threatening to absorb all federal revenues. For as if that to all his minister's warnings on salaries, Mr Sarney promptly undid the good of Mr Calazans' dismissal by authorising a fully-indexed 16 per cent rise for the civil service this month, rejecting even the fall-back option of limiting it to the lower part.

Where Mr Nobrega will now turn for his savings is a mystery to observers: in Brasilia given the resistance of many ministers to the axe he has taken to their spending programmes.

Yet with inflation heading towards 30 per cent a month, printing cash or scattering more government paper around the capital markets looks dangerously like flirting with hyperinflation.

Hollywood writers vow to continue walkout

HOLLYWOOD television and movie producers scrambled to hire replacement scribes and urged strikers to cross picket lines yesterday in an effort to keep game shows and soap operas on the air. AF reports from Hollywood.

Contras refuse to attend renewed ceasefire talks

THE NICARAGUAN Contra leader, Mr Adolfo Calero said yesterday that the Contra rebels would not attend ceasefire negotiations that the Sandinista Government had scheduled for today, AP reports from Managua.

Mr Ortega said the Government delegation to the talks would be headed by Mr Humberto Ortega, the Defense Minister and one of nine members of the ruling National Directorate.

Panama Canal fees

A story in yesterday's Financial Times gave the impression, due to a production error, that ships passing through the Panama Canal pay just \$450. This figure should have referred to the maximum lights and buoy tax implemented by the Panamanian Government.

US telephone companies free to widen services

BY RODERICK ORAM IN NEW YORK REGIONAL US telephone companies have won permission to offer information services such as electronic mail and the storage and retrieval of audio messages in a further widening of their business activities.

Spate of crashes sparks commuter airline probe

THE Federal Aviation Administration will begin shortly a year-long inspection of US commuter airlines because of a spate of seven accidents since November which has claimed 66 lives.

review "major problem areas", focusing on, for example, airline maintenance, training programmes, record keeping and aircraft maintenance. It hopes to finish an initial report on a fifth of the carriers by September.

WORLD TRADE NEWS

Japan and China in technology talks

CHINESE and Japanese trade and investment officials met in Peking yesterday to discuss problems plaguing economic relations between the two countries, including continuing technology transfer difficulties.

Japan typewriter groups hope to forestall EC dumping ruling

JAPANESE typewriter companies have expressed concern that the first concerns to feel the full force of a new European anti-dumping law, hope to appeal against the penalties before they come into effect, David Thomas and Stefan Wagstyl write.

The European Commission on Japanese assembly plants which import most of their parts from the Far East is likely to reinforce a new trend in Japanese investment - a move by Japanese component manufacturers to set up shop in Europe.

Canon and Matsushita said in Tokyo yesterday that local content at their European factories had been increasing since the commission's study was carried out in the first half of last year. The value of imported content in their machines was now below 30 per cent.

Another route open to the Japanese to challenge the EC decision involves filing a complaint to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade. Japan's Ministry of International Trade and Industry said it reserved the right to take this option while it studied the ruling.

automation and consumer electronics - Kiyokuni, SMK, Mitsumi and Omron. The integration of these smaller Japanese companies is partly their own initiative, since they realise they have to follow their biggest customers, who are localising more production in Europe.

Mr Mamoru Miki, head of the London office of Corec, a Japanese market research company, says he has been asked by large Japanese companies to help find ways of encouraging small Japanese component suppliers to set up in the UK.

Under the offer, tabled in the Uruguay Round surveillance body, the 12 EC countries will drop quantitative restrictions - import quotas or other physical limits - on 121 items.

China seeks access to proposed Australian satellite launch site

CHINA is keen to use a proposed space facility in far northern Queensland for commercial satellite launches, according to the Australian Minister for Industry, Technology and Commerce, Senator John Button.

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ments to provide satellite launches for US and West European countries but has not yet finalised dates, and has been frustrated by the delaying and cancelling of agreements by some of the signatories.

The Great Wall Industrial Corporation, the commercial arm of the Chinese astronautics ministry, estimates that its Long March rockets are capable of launching 10 satellites a year.

UK-Turkey gas contract approved by Ankara

THE FIRST of several large Turkish construction contracts in line for UK companies in 1988 has been approved in Ankara, despite hostility towards fresh project borrowing in the Turkish Treasury.

Korea exporters aim to beat won rise

SOUTH Korean manufacturers are rapidly increasing shipments abroad in an effort to boost profits in advance of the rapid appreciation of the won.

EC offers to reduce trade curbs

THE EUROPEAN Community yesterday became the first trading group to offer to eliminate some of its existing trade-distorting restrictions as a contribution to Gatt's current trade-liberalising round.

Under the offer, tabled in the Uruguay Round surveillance body, the 12 EC countries will drop quantitative restrictions - import quotas or other physical limits - on 121 items.

German cross-border electricity plan

EAST GERMANY is to be connected to the West German electricity grid by the end of next year in a move which will end West Berlin's costly self-sufficiency in electricity generation.

German cross-border electricity plan

Construction will largely be undertaken by the East Germans and should begin in the summer. The system will cost about DM350m (\$209m) to build.

City has had to maintain uncommodious reserves to supply its eight fossil fuel power stations. The new agreement between Preussen, Bawag - the West Berlin utility - and Intra, the East German energy organisation, ought to stabilise electricity prices in West Berlin.

INSURANCE cover on West German exports to Nigeria is likely to be resumed following the delayed signing in Lagos of a DM2.4bn (\$977m) debt rescheduling agreement, according to West German officials, Reuters reports from Lagos.

Bonn expected to resume Nigeria insurance cover

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UK NEWS

**Joint US, UK venture to take on British Gas**

By Maurice Samuelson

HADSON Gas Systems, among the biggest private US gas marketing groups, has combined with a UK company with a view to challenging the British Gas monopoly to supply gas to big UK customers in the 1990s.

The US company, based in Dallas, Texas, has launched a joint venture with Associated Heat Services, the energy contracting company headed by Lord Ezra, former British Coal chairman.

The US group is particularly interested in burning gas in private combined heat and power stations, and selling surplus power to electricity distributors. The group has its eye on the market following the forthcoming privatisation of the electricity industry.

The new company, called Associated Gas Supply, will give evidence next week to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission inquiry on allegations that British Gas is overcharging contract customers while the gas market enjoys a surplus.

Mr Ron Jones, Hadson's retailing chief in the US, will be among the witnesses and will tell the commission how the independent marketing companies in the past five years have revolutionised the US gas market by taking control of 80 per cent of gas sales from the producers.

Mr Jones said that five years ago more than 100 monopoly producers had a stranglehold on the US market. After the effective use of anti-monopoly legislation, he said, some 80 per cent of US gas sales were now managed by between 30 and 40 third-party gas marketing concerns.

He hoped that a similar pattern could be followed in the UK by taking advantage of the 1986 British Gas Act, which regulates the privatised BGC and gives third parties access to its distribution grid.

Oigas, the body set up to administer the act, last night welcomed the formation of Associated Gas Supply as BGC's first potential marketing competitor.

With most current UK gas fields committed to British Gas, Associated Gas sees little scope for becoming a serious competitor in the market before 1992, when large reserves of uncommitted gas are due to become available.

UNIONS PREPARE TO CHALLENGE INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS REFORMS

**Railways face fight on job changes**

BY CHARLES LEADBEATER, LABOUR CORRESPONDENT

PROPOSALS FOR a far-reaching overhaul of industrial relations in the British railway industry are facing mounting opposition from trade unions.

British Railways Board says the proposals, which affect the jobs of more than 100,000 workers, are vital to put the industry on a more commercial footing.

The industry's collective bargaining procedures were severely criticised last year by a Monopolies and Mergers Commission inquiry into rail services in the south-east of England. The

inquiry said it was wholly unacceptable that it had taken seven years to negotiate the introduction of driver-only trains.

Under the board's proposals hundreds of joint management and union local district committees, which handle local negotiations, would be replaced by direct negotiations between managers and local union officials.

The regional structure, which has operated for about 30 years, will be replaced by a system tailored to the needs of the board's

five business sectors. The board would also like to alter the framework for national negotiations, including the arbitration machinery of the Railway Staffs National Tribunal.

Aslef, the train drivers' union, seems set to reject the proposals outright, according to union officials, and the rail staff union, TSSA, is also likely to reject the plans, according to Mr Richard Rosser, its assistant general secretary. Both unions, as well as the

National Union of Railwaysmen said a large proportion of the motions submitted to their annual conferences this summer urged the unions to oppose the changes.

Mr Rosser wrote in the latest issue of the TSSA journal that the board had designed the machinery for its own ends rather than to pursue good industrial relations. The revised machinery would lead to growing resentment and more disputes because it removed vital safeguards for the unions.

**Fund managers suffer smallest investment return for 10 years**

BY BARRY RILEY

PENSION FUND investment returns in 1987 were the most variable, as well as the lowest, in the past 10 years, according to the first of the major performance measurement services to report on the year's output.

According to Noble Lowndes Investment Performance Measurement Service (IPMS) the median return was just 3.0 per cent, but individual funds among the 1,007 measured ranged from a positive 40.0 per cent to a negative 18.9 per cent.

The dispersion of the results was not only because of the effects of the October crash in stock markets, but also because of the varying results from UK equities, where small company stocks greatly outperformed large companies during the year.

The best-performing fund of all, a segregated one run by an

unnamed insurance company, achieved a 51.2 per cent return on UK equities. However, losses elsewhere reduced this fund's total return to 40 per cent.

In theory, according to stock market index movements during 1987, a fund with an average asset structure should have returned 7.8 per cent for the year. On the positive side, the average manager beat the FT Actuaries All-Share Index slightly, by returning 8.5 per cent on UK equities. But the overseas equity performance was extremely poor.

Whereas the Morgan Stanley Capital International World Index lost 9 per cent, the average UK manager lost 18 per cent. Noble Lowndes says that the explanation lay in Japan; not only were UK managers underexposed to Japan, which was the best-performing major equity

market in 1987, but they were also in the wrong individual stocks.

The IPMS covers 1,007 funds worth some £40bn but the performance statistics relate to the more limited number of 763 fully discretionary funds. The service concentrates on smaller company funds.

The figures indicate that the main effect of the October crash was to cause fund managers to sell overseas equities and switch into cash and, to some extent, Government stocks. At the peak - just before the crash - funds had an average 84 per cent exposure to equities, but by the beginning of 1988 this was down to 76 per cent. Over 1987 as a whole, the biggest single asset change was a drop in the proportion of overseas equities from 24 to under 17 per cent.

**Boardroom buy-outs advocated**

By Terry Dodsworth

MANAGEMENT buy-outs ought to be considered for parts of the British coal industry and for the Post Office parcels service, says a study on privatisation published today.

The report, "The Mechanics of Privatisation," by the Adam Smith Institute, argues that state-owned companies acquired by their managers have achieved significant successes in the UK in the past few years.

Pointing to the experience at National Freight, Leyland Bus, National Bus, Unipart, Vickers and British Transport Advertising, it says managers are in a unique position to know the value of the businesses they run, and the steps that can make them more profitable.

The institute suggests that other companies that could be privatised through buy-outs include the Scottish Transport Group, the Forth and Clyde Ports Authority, the catering service on British Rail trains, the English Industrial Estates Corporation, London Regional Transport and some polytechnics.

Regarding coal industry privatisation, the study suggests that the Nottinghamshire coalfield should be first in line for management and worker buy-outs.

It adds that the Local Government Bill opening local services to contractors creates an opportunity for staff to acquire local government departments and operate them as independent businesses.

**Personal pensions win support**

BY ERIC SHORT, PENSIONS CORRESPONDENT

A MAJORITY of people questioned in a survey on financial services think they could do better with the new-style personal pensions that will soon become available than with the state scheme.

The third annual poll on investor awareness was carried out by Mori on behalf of National Mutual Life Assurance Society, a medium-sized, traditional mutual life company. The countrywide survey

questioned 1,024 people mainly about their knowledge of the financial services market.

With radical pension reforms soon to be implemented, more than 60 per cent of respondents preferred the new-style personal pensions.

Almost half thought they could do better with a personal pension than with their employer's pension scheme. Asked whether they wanted tax cuts or more National Health Service spending

announced in next week's Budget, almost 30 per cent of those surveyed opted for the latter, confirming the finding of numerous other surveys.

More than 60 per cent expressed their concern about the future of the NHS in the hands of the ruling Conservative Party.

The survey also showed considerable lack of awareness among the public of the provisions and purpose of the Financial Services Act.

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**THE BUILDINGS THAT VOTE ELECTRICITY A WINNER**

The 1987 Beta Awards. The Beta title has been chosen to represent energy efficiency in buildings by combining the initial letter B for building and eta, the Greek letter symbolising efficiency.

A £9 million sports and leisure centre and a leading compact disc manufacturing company are the two national winners of our 1987 Beta Awards for energy efficiency in private and public sector buildings.

Thamesdown Borough Council's Link Centre at West Swindon takes the Award for buildings over 1,000 square metres. The Centre recovers some £40,000 worth of energy a year from ice rink compressors and uses it to warm the swimming pool and provide space heating and domestic hot water for the 12,500 square metre building.

The Beta Award for buildings under 1,000 square metres goes to Nimbus Records Ltd of Monmouth, Gwent. In their modern office conversion the under-floor hot water heating system uses waste heat recovered from the production area. Annual fuel savings for the 600 square metre building amount to some £2,000.

The 1987 Awards attracted 389 entrants, from whom 28 regional winners were selected. Win or lose, large or small, every entrant demonstrated how cost-effective electrical techniques lead to significant energy savings as well as improved amenities and environment.

If your building is saving pounds with electricity you could be a Beta Award winner too. Ask the Energy Marketing Manager at your Electricity Board for more information about the 1987 winners and how to enter this year's competition.

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# Restrictive trade practices legislation to be tightened

BY DAVID CHURCHILL

NEW LEGISLATION to tackle restrictive trade practices in UK industry and commerce is to be brought in by the Government, Lord Young, Trade and Industry Secretary, announced yesterday.

The legislation will replace the existing 30-year-old laws, which the Government believes have become unworkable and ineffective.

The changes were put forward yesterday in a Green Paper discussion document from the Department of Trade and Industry and follow an 18-month internal review of the Government's competition policy.

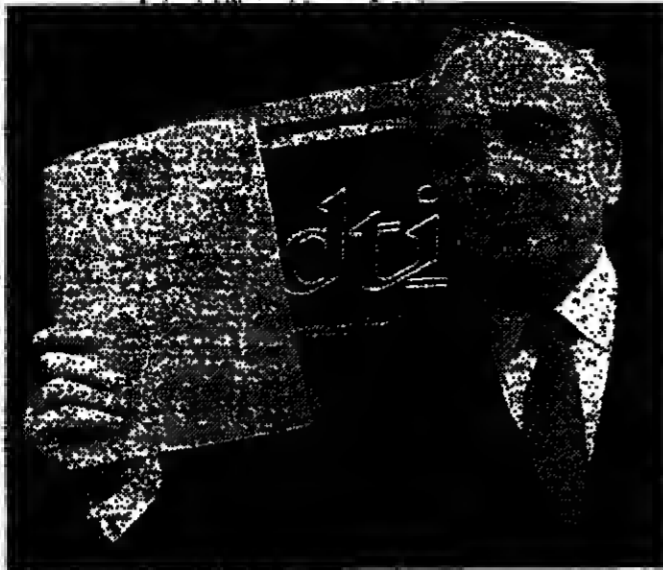
This led to the Government announcing plans last week to speed up merger control procedures in the UK as well as charging companies for the cost of such investigations.

Lord Young said yesterday that "many of the professions such as lawyers, estate agents and accountants at present enjoy a carte blanche exemption from restrictive trade practices legislation."

He added: "This no longer will be the case. Under the proposed new regime there will have to be a clear exemption from restrictive trade practices legislation."

The main thrust of the legislation will be to make any agreement between two or more companies unlawful if it has the effect of restricting or distorting competition.

Although the law is expected to be generally worded to cover all anti-competitive practices, the Government is particularly worried about price-fixing cartels, collusive tendering and companies exerting market power by refusing to supply certain customers.



Lord Young announcing the Government's proposals yesterday

The existing procedure, whereby all restrictive agreements have to be entered in a central register in London, will be scrapped. Lord Young, Trade and Industry Secretary, said yesterday that the DTI's new powers would not lead to any fishing expeditions for information.

The Confederation of British Industry said last night that the DTI's proposed new powers were unjustified.

"There is no evidence to suggest that restrictive agreements are escaping detection at present to justify the powers of search and entry," it said.

The Restrictive Practices Court Editorial comment, Page 22

# Prestwich to sell Bush electronics distributor

By Clay Harris

PRESTWICH HOLDINGS, the entertainment and leisure group, plans to sell Bush Radio, the consumer electronics distributor it bought for £15.5m less than two years ago.

Bush is one of the oldest names in the British radio and television industry.

The decision to sell the division reflects not only a sharp change of direction for Prestwich but also the uncertain short-term future facing electronics suppliers and retailers in the UK.

Mr Paul Levinson, Prestwich chairman, said yesterday that his group had rehuffed offers for Bush last year. "Since then, we've decided that if the right approach comes along, we'll take it," Mr Levinson said.

Bush is suffering from a squeeze on margins as UK retailers cut prices to compete in a slow-growing market.

The distributor's problems were underlined in Prestwich's first-half results published yesterday. Operating profits from consumer electronics fell from £1.72m to £1.15m.

Prestwich would be unlikely to recoup the £15.5m it paid for Bush, according to analysts.

The company's shares fell 9p to close at 185p.

# Sterling policy divergence disconcerts Treasury

BY PHILIP STEPHENS, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

DISAGREEMENTS between Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, over the Government's exchange rate policy are nothing new.

But comments by Mrs Thatcher in the House of Commons yesterday on her willingness to see sterling rise further on foreign exchange markets prompted Treasury dismay.

Since allowing the pound to break through its DM2.00 ceiling on Monday, the Treasury has been waging an energetic campaign to persuade industry and financial markets that it has not ditched its overall policy of a stable exchange rate.

The clear implication was that if sterling's rise against the West German currency went too far, the Bank of England would intervene to hold it down or interest rates would be cut.

A small reduction in interest rates even before the "good news" expected in next Tuesday's budget had not been ruled out by the Treasury.

Against that background, Mrs Thatcher's characteristically frank comments yesterday could hardly have been more ill-timed.

The Prime Minister's message was that she was not prepared to risk higher inflation by excessive intervention or lower borrowing costs. Whatever, the Treasury



Mrs Thatcher: ill-timed words

was saying, the pound would, of necessity, have to rise.

A few hours later Whitehall's mandarins were trying valiantly to reconcile the contradiction.

The Treasury pointed out that it too was against "excessive" intervention. Mrs Thatcher's comments on interest rates referred

to "at the present time." Officials also emphasised that her comments were not part of a prepared text but were in response to questions.

The disavowals, however, could not disguise the fact that the Prime Minister and Chancellor have a fundamentally different approach to exchange rates.

While Mr Lawson has been persuaded of the virtues of an interventionist stance - in Washington last September he proposed a new system of "managed floating" of all the major currencies - Mrs Thatcher has retained her free-market instincts.

Last autumn, in an interview with the FT, she questioned the virtues of managed exchange rates.

In parallel, Mr Brian Griffiths, her economic adviser, also let it be known that the Prime Minister did not approve of the Chancellor's Washington speech.

After that there was an uneasy truce which, by and large, satisfied the Chancellor. His neighbour in Downing Street did not share his enthusiasm for keeping the pound steady but would not interfere with the day-to-day operation of policy.

In recent weeks, however, the Prime Minister is said to have become increasingly uncomfortable with repeated intervention to hold sterling lower.

# GM facing strike over pension fund surplus

By Our Labour Correspondent

PLANS for a strike from Friday by more than 20,000 General Motors employees hung in the balance last night. The threatened action is over the company's proposal to invest part of a \$24m pension fund surplus in its operating companies.

Union representatives at the Ellesmere Port plant of Vauxhall Motors, the General Motors subsidiary, said a mass meeting would be called today to reaffirm the ballot decision to strike over the issue. They said it seemed likely the plant would shut from 3.15pm on Friday.

Mr Nick Burden, an official of MSF, the general technical union, said a majority of workers at the plant had voted to strike over the issue. Union representatives at the plant are thought to be uneasy about taking action just as the unions have agreed a two-year wage deal after protracted negotiations.

In addition, three southern GM plants, which have voted for action, have decided to conduct second ballots to give workers a chance to vote on improvements the company has offered in negotiations since the original vote.

GM employees have already staged one-day strikes over the issue of the pension fund surplus, which has come to a head after two years of negotiations over how the extra funds should be distributed.

The company originally proposed that £180.5m of the surplus should fund improved benefits and a reduction in contributions from 6 per cent of annual salary to 4 per cent.

In negotiations over the past month it has also offered improvements for workers taking early retirement, which would reduce the £53.8m it wanted to invest, partly to offset past operating losses.

# Falklands exercise 'no threat to anyone'

BY LYNTON McLAN

THE GOVERNMENT and the Royal Air Force yesterday sought to reassure South America of the modest scale of the UK exercise to practise reinforcement of the Falkland Islands.

The exercise builds up this week with preparations for an airlift of troops and the deployment of Royal Air Force Phantom fighters and Nimrod aircraft, in the face of sharp criticism from Argentina and other South American countries.

The deployment to the Falklands will take place on March 17-18.

Air Chief Marshal Sir Peter Harding, the commander-in-chief of RAF strike command and UK air forces, was joined by Mr Boris Feern, an assistant under-secretary of state at the Foreign Office, at Strike

Command headquarters, High Wycombe, north of London, to explain the "very modest exercise" to an international press conference.

Journalists from Spanish and Portuguese newspapers were invited by the Ministry of Defence as well as UK press and television and radio stations.

Air Chief Marshal Harding said the announcement of the Falkland Islands Reinforcement Exercise, Fire Focus, in the House of Commons on February 11, had created "enormous ructions around the world, but the exercise was no more than a practise of our procedures for rapid reinforcement."

Mr Feern said Argentina "may still be seeking a debate in the United Nations Security Council on the exercise,

although such an exercise threatens no-one."

Mr Feern said the reinforcement exercise was "an integral part of our policy of reducing tension in the region."

The Government had also offered to return war dead to Argentina, to permit visits by Argentina next of kin to the Falklands and had proposed, in co-operation with the US, "low key" exchange of personnel with Argentina, Mr Feern said.

The Government faced criticism at the press conference from several UK journalists who questioned why the Government needed to be so modest about its reinforcement exercise.

Air Chief Marshal Harding said: "Exercise Fire Focus is not meant to be whimsical or wet or belligerent, but there needs to be a reasonable balance to achieve the aims we want."

"The exercise is just straightforward, it is not over-egged and is not over modest," he said. Fewer than 1,000 troops from the third battalion of the Light Infantry and fewer than a total of 10 Phantom fighter aircraft and Nimrod maritime reconnaissance aircraft will be involved.

The exercise had been planned for about a year, in line with the aims set out in the Government white paper (policy document) on the Falklands in 1982, "to practise the UK capability for rapid reinforcement of the Falkland Islands in case of emergency."

# Sex equality reforms urged

BY JIMMY BURNS, LABOUR STAFF

BRITAIN'S sex equality laws should be replaced by a single statute to help further to eliminate discrimination and to bring UK more into line with that in the rest of the European Community, the Equal Opportunities Commission urged yesterday.

The commission, which advises the Home Secretary on the adequacy of legal provisions under the 15 year-old Sex Discrimination Act, also advocated a substantial strengthening of its own powers of enforcement. Its call is likely

to fuel a contentious public debate. In a report yesterday, it said a new Equal Treatment Act should be given statutory backing to the right to equal pay for work of equal value.

Give public bodies a duty to work towards eliminating sex discrimination and promoting equal opportunity between men and women. Reinforce employment protection for pregnant women and new mothers.

Reduce legal constraints on the commission's investigating allegations of indirect or direct discrimination. Abolish employers' rights to make legal representations against the issue of a non-discrimination notice.

Include provisions for a re-examination of the role of industrial tribunals in hearing cases of sex discrimination and equal pay cases. All tribunals involved in such duties should contain at least one woman member.

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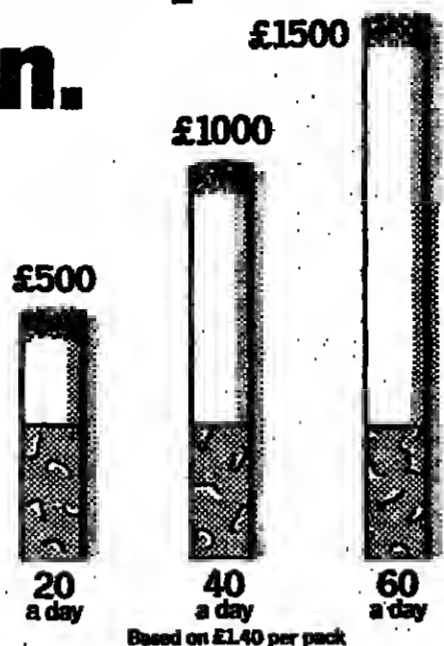
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VW clears way to control of its British importer

BY KEVIN DOME, MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT

VOLKSWAGEN, the West German automotive group, has taken the first steps towards acquiring eventual control during the 1990s of VAG (United Kingdom), the UK importer of VW and Audi cars and light commercial vehicles. VAG (UK) is at present a 100 per cent-owned subsidiary of Lorch, the UK conglomerate.

VAG (UK) is one of Lorch's biggest subsidiaries. It increased its turnover by 16 per cent in the 12 months to the end of September 1987 to £294.1m from £270.4m, while pre-tax profits are understood to have risen to around £30m from £26.5m in 1986. Lorch has widespread interests in motor and equipment distribution, trading, manufacturing, leisure, wine and spirits, mineral extraction and refining, financial services and agriculture. VAG (UK) alone accounted in 1987 for almost 27.3 per cent of group turnover of £33m, about 15 per cent of group pre-tax profits of £20m and more than 44 per cent of the group's UK turnover of £184m.

After long negotiations Volkswagen and Lorch have signed a six-year agreement extending Lorch's contract as exclusive UK VW/Audi importer to the end of 1993 and replacing the previous two-year rolling agreement. However, it is understood that, as part of this contract, the way has been opened for VW to take

over eventual control of VAG (UK). In its recently published annual report Lorch admits only obliquely that its relationship with VW over VAG (UK) has been changed.

It said that an agreement had been concluded to allow Volkswagen a greater interest in the distribution of its group products in the UK.

Mr Paul Spicer, a director of Lorch, admitted that VW would take a "greater interest in pricing and a number of things" and that there would be "some representation for them on the board."

As a first step it is understood that Volkswagen will gain three seats on the VAG (UK) board. The existing 11-man board, chaired by Mr Tiny Rowland, Lorch managing director and chief executive, will be joined by Mr Hans-Jorg Hangerland, Volkswagen export manager, Mr Kristian Ehinger, Volkswagen legal counsel responsible for subsidiaries and Mr Paul Weber, Volkswagen director for subsidiaries and affiliates and corporate planning.

VAG (UK) became part of Lorch in 1975, when it was taken over from Thomas Tilling. The UK is one of the Volkswagen group's most important European volume markets, after the Federal Republic itself, Italy, Spain and France, where the West German concern already owns its importers. It also owns importing companies in other major foreign markets such as the US and Canada, Brazil and Argentina and South Africa.

Legislation allowing sale of trust ports likely

By Kevin Brown, Transport Correspondent

THE GOVERNMENT is expected to respond today to pressure from port operators for the privatisation of the UK's 39 trust ports. These are administered by statutory authorities under individual acts of Parliament.

Mr Paul Channon, the Transport Secretary, will tell the British Ports Federation at its annual lunch that the Government is considering ways of allowing the trust ports to tap private capital.

However, he is not expected to announce early legislation because of the complexity of issues involved.

These include the future of the Dock Labour Scheme, which reserves work at some ports for registered dock workers.

The Federation, formerly the British Ports Association, has urged the Government to table an enabling bill allowing trust ports that favour privatisation to go ahead.

The Federation says the trust ports cannot compete equally with the private ports which are owned by Sealink, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation and Associated British Ports (ABP).

Several of the larger ports are operated by trust authorities, including the Port of London, Dover, Medway, Ipswich, Clyde, and Tees and Hartlepool.

The Federation is also understood to have urged the Government to investigate the possibility of privatising the 30 ports owned by local authorities.

It says this could be done relatively simply through legislation along the lines of the bill which provided for the local authority airports to be set up under the Companies Acts.

This group of ports also includes several large undertakings, such as Portsmouth, Ramsgate and Bristol, which the local authority recently attempted to sell to ABP.

Mr Jonathan Sloggett, chief executive of Dover Harbour Board, said he expected to decide within the next 12 months whether or not to seek a stock market flotation.

Mr Sloggett said the board would consider sponsoring a private bill to clear the way for a flotation in the absence of general enabling legislation.

Competition takes its toll on UK's largest building society

BY RICHARD WATERS

HALIFAX, the UK's largest building society, saw profits decline last year, reflecting extreme competition in the market for mortgages and pressure on new areas of business.

Building societies are savings and lending institutions, and the main sources of house purchase financing in Britain. However, they have come under increasing pressure recently from banks and other lenders moving into the mortgage business.

This was underlined by a decline in the society's reserve/asset ratio, which indicates the capital supporting its loans, from 3.8 to 3.77 per cent.

Pressure on capital is one of

the key concerns that could force societies to turn themselves into public companies, giving them access to new sources of equity. Halifax has appointed merchant bankers Rothschild to advise it on whether it should follow this route, but says that it has yet to take a decision.

In the short term, the society said it planned an issue of £200m of new shares to strengthen its balance sheet.

The Halifax yesterday reported that pre-tax profit for 1987 increased by 13 per cent to £350m. However, total assets during the year grew 15 per cent to £10.5bn, reflecting an overall decline in profitability.

The chairman, Mr Richard

Hornby, said that the past year had been "a period of substantial investment for the future." He declined to reveal how much had been spent entering new markets.

The decline in the Halifax's capital ratio followed its writing off of £100m of goodwill associated with the acquisition of nine estate agency chains.

Like other societies, the Halifax's only source of capital in the past has been its retained earnings. From January this year societies have also been allowed to count unquoted debt as capital, though they are allowed to raise only up to half of their other capital in this form.

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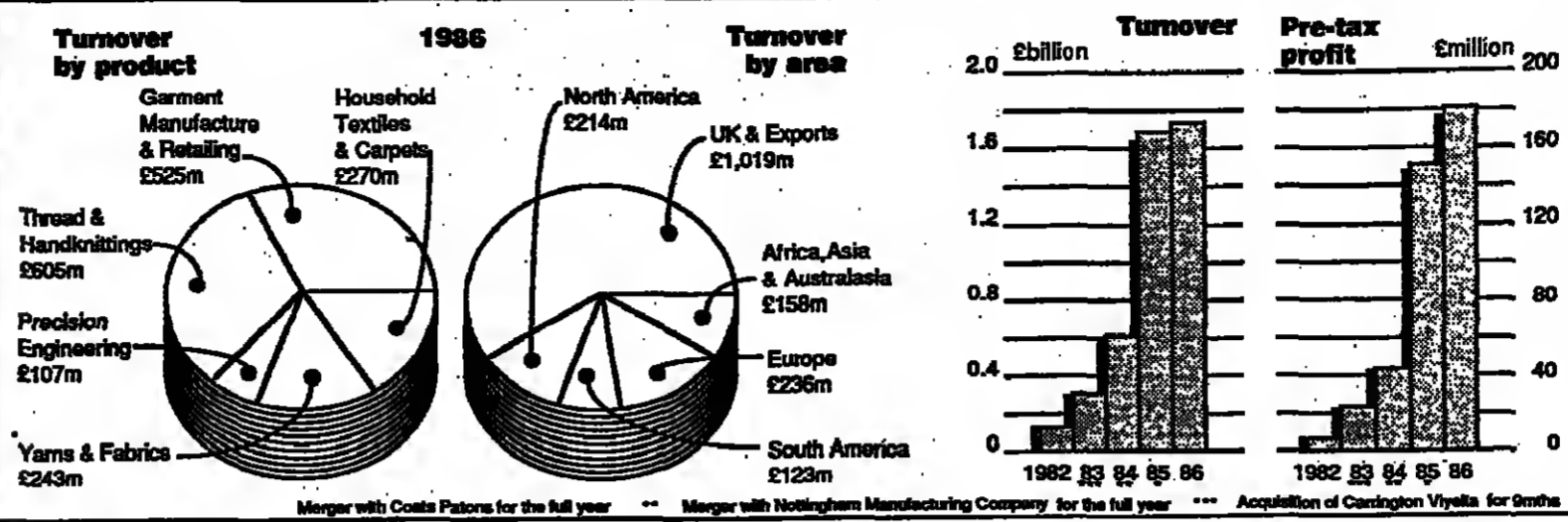
Making a merger work

New product strategy — the next key test

Coats Patons merged with Vantona Viyella two years ago to form Europe's largest textiles group. Alice Rawsthorn assesses progress



David Alliance



THE STORY OF Coats Viyella begins in the Manchester of the early 1950s when David Alliance arrived, at the age of 18, as a proverbially penniless immigrant from his native Iran. Alliance stayed in Manchester, borrowed £5,000 from a money lender, and set about buying and rebuilding troubled companies in the Lancashire cotton industry.

In 1974, when he had already established substantial interests in the industry, Alliance bought Spirella, a troubled corset company. He then built up the business with a stream of acquisitions.

By early 1986 Vantona Viyella was regarded as the star of the textile sector. Coats Patons, by contrast, was seen as sleepy, sluggish and scarred by internal dissent.

In January 1986 the Coats board agreed to a merger with Dawson International, the successful Scottish textiles group. The merger made sense. Dawson was regarded as one of the best managed groups in the industry with an impressive record for exports.

Vantona won the day. Coats Viyella now embraces industrial and consumer thread, hand-knitting yarns, clothing manufacturing and retailing, industrial spinning and weaving, precision engineering, household textiles and carpets.

Since the merger the main area of reorganisation has been in the US, where the old Coats & Clark's business has been divided into four profit centres: industrial thread, consumer thread, craft products and hand-knitting yarns.

Within the thread division there has been some slight rationalisation in Europe, following the concentration of production into specialised units. The hand-knitting business has been one of the most difficult areas of activity because of an unexpectedly severe slump in the market throughout the world. Coats Viyella has responded by withdrawing some lines and closing

one plant in the US. In the clothing field the group has continued its investment in new technology within the old Vantona companies to improve competitiveness. The Jaeger business has, however, been restructured by being broken up into smaller profit centres. It is now concentrating on expanding its retail interests (see Management Page, January 18).

Within the old Coats spinning interests, the new group has again upgraded production plants and has integrated two companies. By contrast the precision engineering business, which had been a small but successful part of the old Coats, is

an area for investment and expansion — as is household textiles, once the first candidate for international expansion. Carpets is possibly the most problematic area of activity. Coats Viyella has already rationalised four production units into two and is now integrating the administration and warehousing.

Last year it bought Youghal, a troubled Irish carpets concern, and is currently reorganising that business. Yet carpets, the problem area, is not the product of the merger with Coats Patons, but of the earlier union between Vantona and Nottingham Manufacturing.

For example, it is now divided into two retailing businesses — for men's and women's wear — and manufacturing. Similarly, Coats & Clark, the US subsidiary, has been broken up into four profit centres. Ideally Alliance likes production plants to have no more than 300 employees. Since the merger he has had to "compromise" at a maximum of 500. "When a business grows beyond a certain size," he says, "it becomes more difficult for the managers to know what is going on."

In a sense Alliance had an advantage in that, because the senior team at Vantona had been so lean, he genuinely needed the involvement of the Coats Patons executives. "Without their help he simply would not have had enough managers to run so large an enterprise. Just as there was little surplus capacity to be shed, so there were few superfluous executives."

Thus from an early stage it was evident that, far from being marginalised, many of the Coats people were playing important roles in the development of the new group. "This has been one of

Third, the new group had the undeniable advantage of being able to present itself to its employees as the biggest textile company in Europe. "Together we went straight to the top of the first division in Europe," says James McAdam, chief executive of the old Coats and deputy chairman and deputy chief executive of the new group. "It was a tremendous boost to management confidence."

The new management team set about communicating the direction of the new company to its employees. The old Coats Patons board was dissolved within six weeks of the merger and a new management structure created, so that, from the earliest possible stage, all changes and decisions were seen to come from the new Coats Viyella.

Similarly new systems of pay and employment conditions were developed under the aegis of David Miller, the old Coats personnel director who retained the same post in the new group. Share options were made available to all senior managers, a bonus system — based on the old Vantona model — introduced throughout the group and a pension scheme introduced for all employees.

"It was important that we spoke to our employees as one group, Coats Viyella, from the very beginning," says McAdam. "And equally important that we translated this new approach into our personnel policy."

From the start the senior directors have made an attempt to make personal contact with every part of Coats Viyella. Between them Alliance, McAdam and Sir James Spooner, the non-executive chairman, have visited almost every subsidiary.

On his visits, Alliance insists on visiting the toilets at each plant: there is a 30 minute "warning" to clear the ladies. Only a

few weeks ago he ordered that a canteen should be closed when he spotted peeling paint on the ceiling. "Why should I expect my employees to eat in a place where I would not want to eat myself?" Management conferences have also been introduced to bring together the senior people from Coats subsidiaries all over the world. These conferences serve the additional purpose of encouraging companies in different countries to work together and to pool ideas in areas such as marketing and technical development. The policy of creating specialised production units within Europe for the thread division (see box) has also helped this process.

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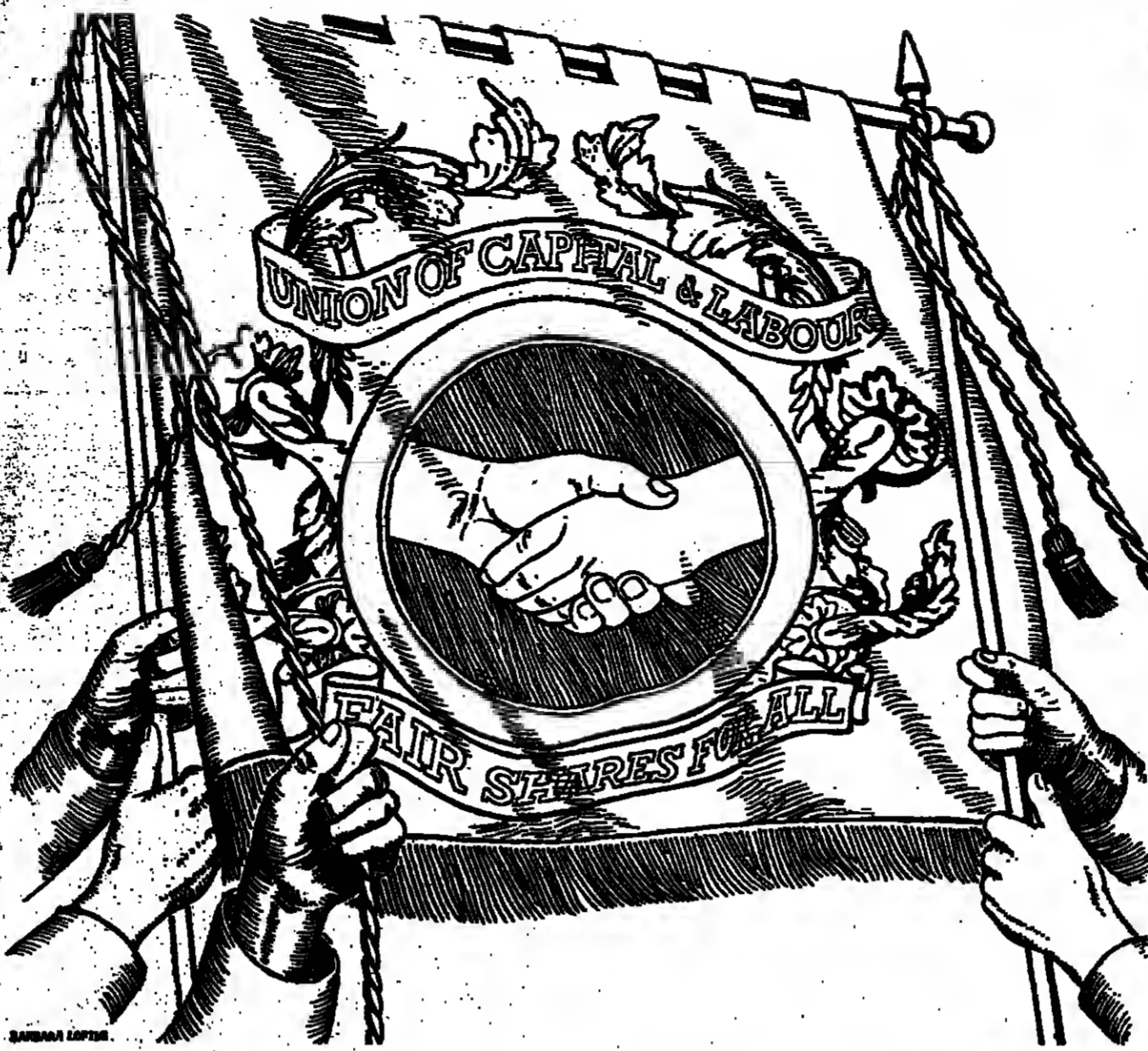
# FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

**Giving workers a stake in their companies and thus changing the nature of capitalism are long-term**

processes, with setbacks inevitable along the way (a UK Budget tax break might help). But, even so, employee ownership has made some progress, says **Charles Leadbeater**, Labour Correspondent

## A share of the action

EMPLOYEE SHARE ownership poses two great challenges to the way that companies, and the economy, operate. The first is a challenge to the traditional definition of a job. One of the basic drives behind employee share ownership is the idea that there must be a better way to link people to the economy than through a job and a wage. The relatively narrow parameters of worker involvement in the economy, set by the wage system, are challenged by the idea that part of a worker's income should be a direct return on capital. Even limited forms of employee ownership, such as profit sharing, share savings schemes and personal equity plans, challenge the idea that a wage is a defining characteristic of a job. Employee share ownership is based on a more open recognition that people do not appear in the economy merely as "workers" but as savers, investors and consumers as well. This trend towards employee share ownership is part of a broader approach to how people can lead their economic lives. But this blurring at the edges of the idea of employment is compatible with a fairly traditional idea of capital ownership. Capital will still hire labour, it will still have broadly the same interests, and broadly operate through the same managerial structures - it is just that workers will have a share of the action. The second challenge, to the idea of capital ownership, is that it takes and the powers it brings, is much less developed. But potentially it has more far-reaching consequences, for it could lead to a much more thoroughgoing change in the way that companies are run, and the relationship between workers and capital. Employee share ownership has developed in slightly contradictory ways in the last couple of years. The proliferation of schemes to provide workers with some income from, and some control over, capital suggests there is enough diversity for companies to be able to tailor schemes to their particular needs. While this diversity of schemes may indicate a lack of coherence - there is a tremendous difference between a generous executive share-option scheme and an employee-owned co-operative -

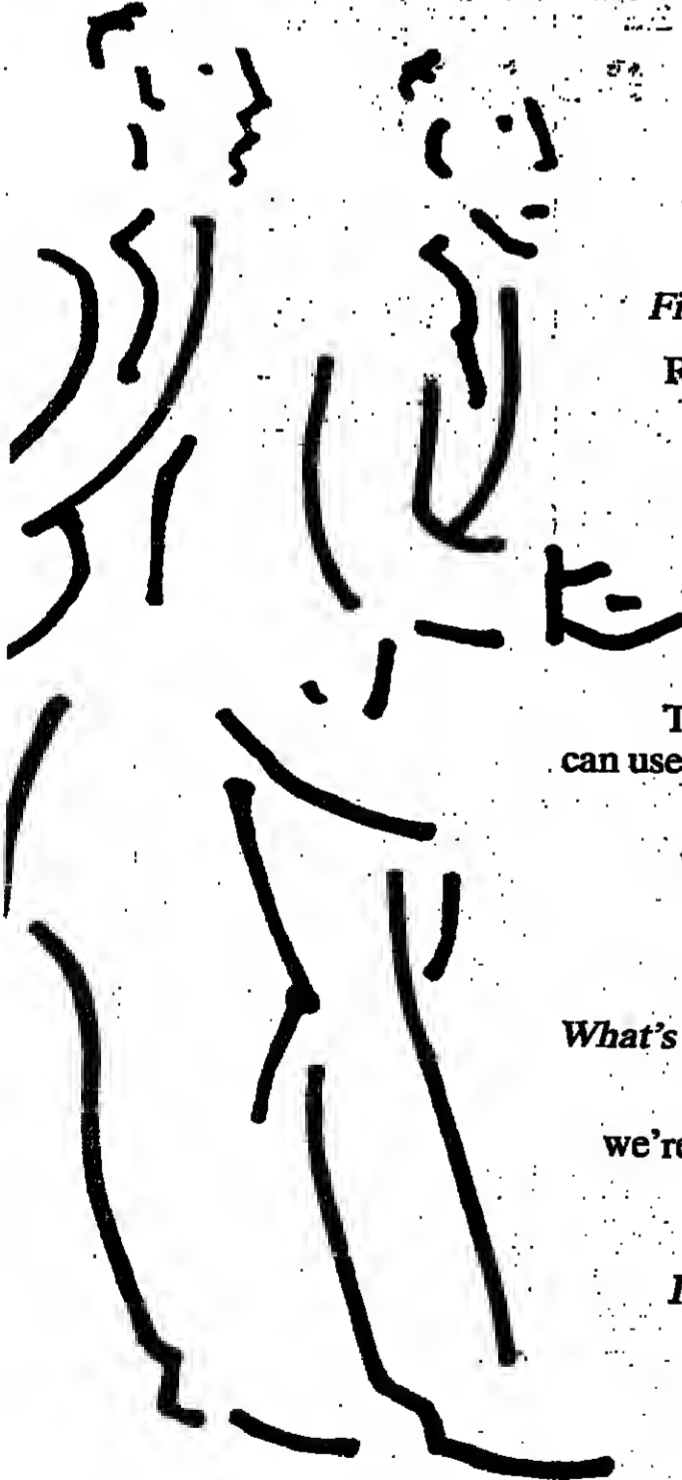


# Employee Ownership

it also suggests employee share ownership is likely to expand over a broad front. While this indicates that employee share ownership may be winning a secure bridgehead, there has also been a growing recognition that it is not a panacea. Introducing employee share ownership may make life easier on some fronts, improving employee involvement and commitment. But it may merely put some problems - such as pay bargaining - on a different footing. Profit-sharing at Jaguar, for instance, tends to complicate collective bargaining rather than simplify it. And there is a recognition that full employee ownership brings problems of its own. Two, in particular, stand out. First, if the employees of a company own the stock, it could radically alter the logic of hiring and firing. Union critics of employee share ownership argue that while shareholders may at times have an interest in making workers' redundant, workers would rarely see a logic in redundancies for the sake of profit. To ask workers to become shareholders will thus either be a sham or lead to hopeless confusion. On the other hand, employee-owned companies may have an built-in tendency not to want to recruit more workers, as this would expand the number of people wanting a share of the profits. Employee share ownership may be good for the current workforce but not as beneficial as traditional forms of ownership for potential workers. This kind of problem seems to have had little effect on the most significant employee-owned companies. This is partly because employee-owned companies tend to introduce non-financial forms of participation and at the end of the day management retains important prerogatives. However a second problem has very clearly confronted employee-owned firms: organising a market in the shares and introducing new capital. If employee ownership improves productivity, performance and profitability, it will, as a result, raise the value of the shares and create pressure for expansion. Indeed, this is one incentive for employees to become shareholders: to see the value of their assets rise. But this, in turn, creates dangers for the employee-owned character of companies - apparently the foundation for their success. Workers in companies which began as employee-owned may well have got their shares as a reasonable price, if not for free. After several years of growth the shares will have risen in value. Workers leaving the company will expect to be able to redeem

National Freight: Esop table for our time	Union attitudes: labour movement
Tullis Russell: long-term benefits	US case studies: Weirton success
Martie Hoppmann: humanisation at a price	and HCl failure
	Fiscal incentives: tax breaks

their shareholdings: this means the company could face soaring liabilities for the repurchase of shares from departing employees. Where does it get the money from? Workers entering the company may well not be able to afford to buy the higher value shares from their departing colleagues. One solution would be to hire the recruits as ordinary wage workers; but this would create a division within the workforce. Another would be to create an external market for the shares, by bringing in non-worker outsiders, willing to invest in the company the shares of departing workers. However, it could damage the employee-owned character of the company if an increasing proportion of capital was bought by outsiders. Employee-owned companies seeking to expand face similar dilemmas. To raise investment may require going to outside investors. This is the challenge faced by successful employee-owned companies such as the National Freight Consortium in the UK and Weirton Steel in the US. It may well be that they will want to develop "grey" forms of capital ownership, with outsiders granted more limited rights than the worker shareholders, to manage expansion but simultaneously secure the benefits of employee ownership. Negotiations between these companies and outside investors should give an inkling of how malleable the traditional ideas of capital ownership may be. The benefits of employee ownership, for motivation, productivity and performance, suggest a steady flow of companies will be drawn to it, and that it may have a permanent place within the economy. The difficulties suggest that for a proportion of these companies, however, full employee ownership may be a transitional, almost self-liquidating, form of organisation. Despite these difficulties there are several places which suggest employee ownership is likely to continue to grow, albeit gradually. There is a growing interest in the role that wider capital ownership could play in redistributive social policies, in large part because it seems to offer a way to redistribute resources without necessarily endangering efficiency. Whether or not this hope is borne out, it seems likely that with the expansion of home ownership and pensions, the next target for people's savings could be more direct forms of investment. The stock market crash may have temporarily dampened enthusiasm for direct individual investment, but in the longer run it is likely to reassert itself. Institutions, previously sceptical about share ownership, are now showing greater interest. Several unions - and the TUC - seem to be taking a more open attitude towards employee share ownership. In part, this is a recognition that the popularity of the idea with their members is not an artefact of the Thatcher Government. The challenge for the unions, as for the Labour Party, is to find a way to articulate this interest in wider capital ownership in a way which contrasts with the Government's approach. In the main, the momentum behind the growth in employee share ownership will come from companies as they seek new ways to involve and motivate their employees, not just to raise quantitative productivity but to improve the quality of output. But the evidence of the United States suggests that any dramatic growth in employee share ownership, particularly in employee ownership plans, will depend on whether they are granted some form of tax concession. Whether or not this might happen depends in turn on the resolution of a continuing tension within the Conservative Party over the kind of share ownership it wishes to encourage. The privatisation programme has been aimed at encouraging wider individual share ownership. The main justification for this form of wider share ownership is that people should learn the disciplines of investment decisions, and this in turn will foster a deeper understanding of how the economy operates. For the individualists, employee share ownership plans look like a disguised corporatism. Tory supporters of Esops argue that production is generally a collective, rather than an individual, activity. While a free-market philosophy may suggest individualism should guide the drive towards wider capital ownership, the reality of people working together in offices and factories suggests that a capitalist collectivism may be a more successful strategy for companies.



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FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SELECTION

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Please write to Paul Wilson or Penny Bramah at Michael Page City, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH or telephone them on 01-404 5751. Confidentiality is of course assured.

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**Chief Trader - Multi Products** - A highly numerate individual with a minimum of 5 years' trading experience in varied fields.

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For all these positions, highly numerate people with a minimum of 3 years' trading experience in these fields is essential.

**Marketing Officers** - 5 years' experience of marketing with an in depth knowledge of capital market instruments.

**Product Development Head** - An innovative person with 5 years' experience of design/documentation/support of capital market instruments.

**Documentation Manager** - Someone with an in-depth knowledge of documentation and able to take responsibility for this field.

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Preferred Age: 24-30. Remuneration will be commensurate with background and experience based on basic salary plus profit share and normal benefits.

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Telephone No: 01 251 8191

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Responsibility will include monitoring and administration of the contracts portfolio, preparation of management information reports for the Operation and assisting in the ongoing development of computer based control systems. The work will involve some travelling to our sister companies in Holland and Germany.

Applicants aged 25-32 with a least four years experience in the financial sector including leasing, should ideally possess a formal accounting qualification.

Applicants are invited to send a detailed Curriculum Vitae, in confidence, to: Paul Turjell, SVENSKA FINANS INTERNATIONAL, 30 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7LP

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The Personnel Manager, GPO Box 8983, Hong Kong

TECHNOLOGY

The good, the bad and the ugly of Australian science

Chris Sherwell in Sydney explains how the country's premier research organisation is undergoing an unprecedented upheaval

SOMETHING unusual is going on at CSIRO, Australia's premier scientific research organisation...

For an organisation known for its quiet achievement of scientific excellence, such loud publicity is unprecedented. But CSIRO (the Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation)...

Before this time, CSIRO was basically run by a full-time executive of scientists responsible both for policy and administration. Now there is a board of reputation...

The key figure, however, is CSIRO's chief executive, Keith Boardman. A biochemist, he was chairman and chief executive of CSIRO before the changes separated the two positions in December 1986.

In the lengthy and complex chain of responsibility which now extends from the Minister of Industry, Technology and Commerce at the top, through the Minister for Science and the CSIRO board, Boardman is the main link with the organisation's scientific institutes and divisions.

The "Directors dumped" headline sprang from the new appointments made under changes which saw three of the five institute heads ousted.

According to Wran, the scientists now running the six institutes have been chosen for their management as well as their scientific skills. Although they report to Boardman, they can participate in board meetings when matters relevant to them are being discussed.

The new board, likewise, head office, being made up of scientists to CSIRO as a whole, says Wran. Previous boards were talented, he grants, but they never "managed" CSIRO.

"They lived in a world where funding was a bottomless pit," he says. "We're bringing a sense of responsibility to the matters of revenue and expenditure."

The most painful consequences are being felt at CSIRO's rather splendid, modern head office in Canberra. It is here that the other headlines are being generated: a slashing of staff levels by 40 per cent has created anger among those affected.

Significantly, however, no scientists are involved because none of CSIRO's 100-odd laboratories and field stations is attached to the head office. The organisation will anyway remain large - it has some 7,000 staff, of whom about 2,500 are scientists or engineers.

Indeed, the last thing the reorganisation is intended to do is undermine the importance of the scientists in their research. "Their brains are our only resource," says Wran.

Many believe the shift had become essential - that CSIRO had become an organisation of scientists for scientists, under too little pressure to produce. Boardman will not concede that CSIRO had lost its way, but he admits that "the balance might have gone the wrong way."

Certainly times had changed. When the organisation began its life 63 years ago as the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research, it worked for most of the period until 1950 in an environment of national crisis.

Being a kind of government-sponsored institute serving Australia's vitally important rural

industries, it established a formidable record.

Most Australians are familiar with the story of how in the 1930s CSIRO scientists identified a cobalt deficiency to solve the riddle of a wasting disease which affected sheep and cattle.

After the war, too, it was CSIRO scientists who beat the perilous threat of rabbit infestation by introducing myxomatosis. CSIRO innovations also helped the wool industry survive the onslaught from synthetic fibres.

But as the organisation's historian, Professor Boris Schedvin, has said, in the post-war period "the feeling was that all you had to do was pour the money into science and the wealth would flow from the other end."

For the scientists this period provided a welcome escape from the national crisis syndrome and allowed CSIRO to concentrate on scientific principles. But over the years it appears to have entailed a drift away from national needs.

Now, with Australia suffering serious balance of payments and foreign debt problems, there is an over-riding need to encourage the processing of its traditional primary exports and to diversify its export base through moves into specific manufacturing sectors - in particular into high-technology areas where it can claim an advantage.

CSIRO's role is crucial in this. "We must add value to our rural and mineral products," says Boardman. "There is tremendous scope to enhance processing. Look at wool - most of it goes out in 'greasy' (raw) form. Growers are not interested in scouring. Our leather industry is a disgrace. Graziers get no additional reward for a good hide."

In manufacturing industry proper, Australia's chronically weak research effort must also be strengthened. In 1985-86, total research and development spending in the country was only 1.15 per cent of gross domestic product - beneath the level of 20 years earlier and sharply below the 2.3 per cent levels of other Western nations like Sweden, Japan and the US.

Within this, research spending by Australian industry has long been abysmally low. For one

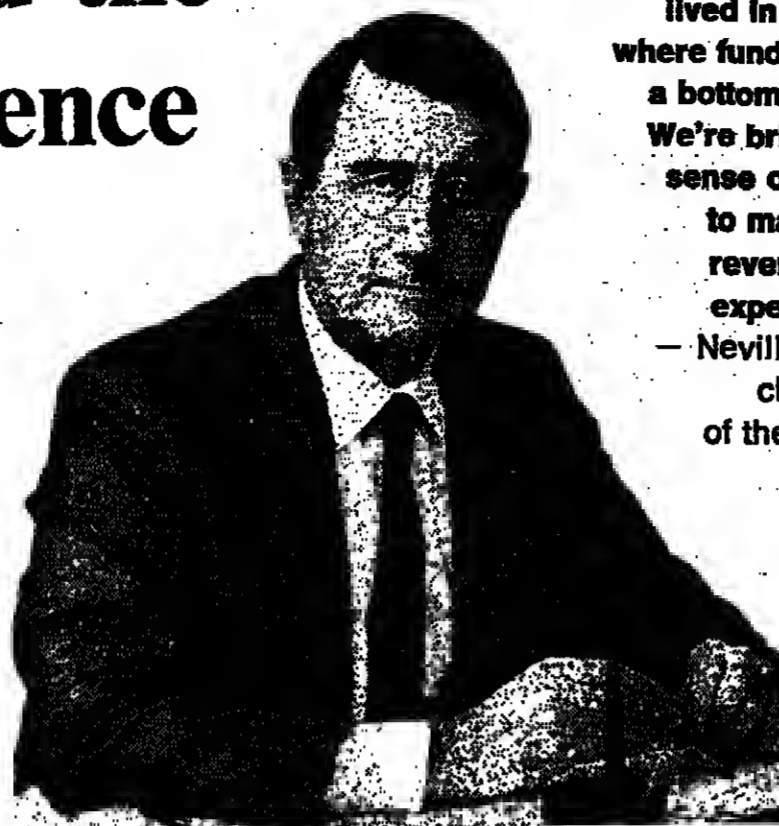
text, foreign companies which dominated the sector did their research at home. For another, the protection afforded by tariffs and quotas was hardly an inducement.

This is changing, very slowly, as the Labor government under Prime Minister Bob Hawke promotes its policy of economic restructuring. Research spending by industry has begun to pick up, thanks to helpful 150 per cent tax concessions offered by the Government for companies conducting their own research and development (R&D).

The idea now is that CSIRO and industry should co-operate and align their research effort. CSIRO says it wants to retain its current levels of funding from the Government and to build further support on top of this by undertaking collaborative research with industry.

So ambitious has it become, it has set itself a target of securing enough additional funds from outside to cover 30 per cent of its total revenues within three to four years. Quite why it has chosen these particular figures is unclear, and there is some question as to whether targets will be achieved.

"Any increase in R&D for high-tech industries should not be taken from traditional activities," Boardman stresses. "That means increasing overall R&D spending. Which means the pri-



'Previous boards lived in a world where funding was a bottomless pit. We're bringing a sense of reality to matters of revenue and expenditure' - Neville Wran, chairman of the CSIRO

WORTH WATCHING Edited by Geoffrey Charlish

GEC vehicle link runs far and wide

WIDE AREA private radio links, carrying speech or data between a company's vehicles and its offices, will be offered by General Electric Company (GEC) in the UK from April 6.

The network, called GEC National One, enables a company to have private, wide-area radio contact with its truck, van or car fleet without the cost of buying and operating its own radio transmitters. Initially, the network will extend from Herts in the south to Burton upon Trent in the north, and from Colchester in the east to Newbury in the west. Most of the UK will be covered by the end of 1988. The system uses old TV frequencies in band three (174-225MHz).

Users do not have their own channel as in conventional private systems. Instead, the system is shared and the available channels are computer-allocated on demand. Calls are set up on special non-traffic channels and charging does not start until the call is answered. About 90 interconnected radio base stations will cover the service area and a network database will keep track of the location of each vehicle with respect to the 90 transmitters, thus allowing calls to be set up automatically anywhere within the service area.

TV signals move to quick-fire information

IN CONJUNCTION with the BBC, Bishopegate Terminals of Guildford is to offer a complete data broadcasting service in the UK.

Data broadcasting is a technique by which organisations use television transmitters to send data privately to large numbers of recipients. It makes use of transmission time spaces that are not required during the sending of TV programmes. Costs are inherently low since no land lines are involved and the transmitter network is already in place.

Potential users include travel agents, banks, retail chains and car distributors. But the service will attract any company that must send fresh information quickly to many locations.

Bishopegate has set up the necessary communications, computing, hardware and software centre which allows users

to obtain all the data services they need from a single source. Information originators will be able to transmit data to Bishopegate in any form via the telephone network, leased line, telex or fax. The new computer centre will store and format the information for onward transmission to BBC Datacast and immediate broadcasting. Charging is on the basis of the amount of information broadcast.

Phillips, the Dutch electronics group, recently made a similar announcement in conjunction with Aircall and the UK's Independent Broadcasting Authority.

Why Finns are not skating on thin ice

ARTIFICIAL ice rinks with almost the same sliding properties as real ice can be constructed with plastic coated plywood made by Oy Wihl Schauman of Helsinki. The company believes the material opens up the prospect of year-round skating and ice hockey training without incurring high energy refrigeration costs.

The Wisa-ice panels consist of 24mm thick birch plywood coated on both sides with 5mm of plastic. The formulation of which is not disclosed. The panels can be laid on any flat, hard surface at a price claimed to be about the same as the annual energy costs of a real ice rink.

Krupp tips machine tools to live longer

KRUPP WIDIA, the West German machine tool group, has developed a carbide cutting tool tip coated with zirconium nitride. It claims this gives a tip life twice that of other coated carbide tips. Because tool changing times are reduced, machine tools lie idle for less time and productivity is maximised, says the company.

The development also means that fewer grades of tip inserts need to be stocked by the user, because the new insert, called Widatour T215, spans almost three conventional coated carbide grades in its breadth of steel machining applications.

CONTACTS: GEC Communications Network UK, 0263 43383, Bishopegate Terminals UK, 0583 57003, Oy Wihl Schauman Helsinki 02011, Krupp Widia UK office, 0664 43386.

International Appointments

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THE SOCIETY FOR WORLDWIDE INTERBANK FINANCIAL TELECOMMUNICATION (SWIFT) COUNTRY MANAGER The position will involve: working in close contact with SWIFT user banks at all management levels...

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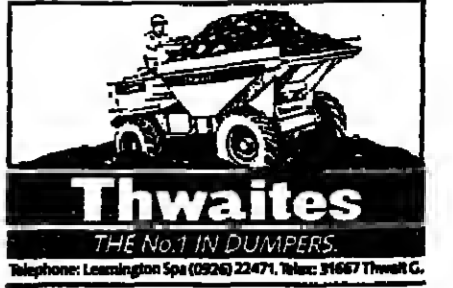












# SECTION II - COMPANIES AND MARKETS FINANCIAL TIMES

Wednesday March 9 1988



## G + W sees profits stumble but expects big advance for year

BY JAMES DUCHAN IN NEW YORK

GULF + WESTERN, the film publishing and financial services group, yesterday reported a small decline in profits in the Christmas quarter but said it was on track to increase earnings for the year.

## Sabena's earnings free-fall by 52%

By William Dowling in Brussels

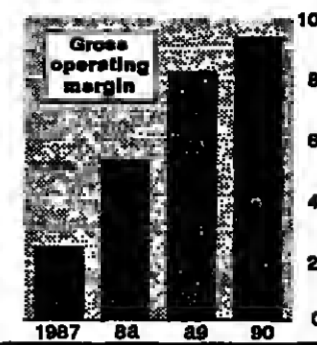
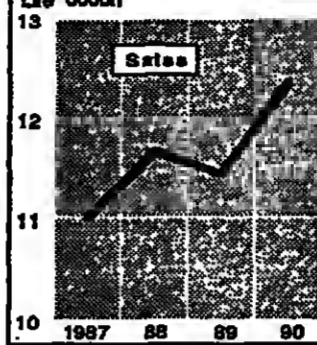
SABENA, Belgium's 54 per cent state-owned airline, yesterday reported a 52 per cent fall in net income to BE146.2m to BE79.4m (\$2m) for 1987 and revealed that it was holding collaboration talks with five other European carriers.

## John Wyles describes the turbulent forces shaping the future of the Italian steel industry Finsider staggers along road to recovery

HAVING BEEN kept in hungry suspense for many months, Italian political and trade union leaders have fallen like wolves on the recovery plan for the publicly-owned steel industry which has just been produced by Finsider, the steel holding company.

It is impossible to forecast when any final decision might emerge because the present government, headed by Mr Giovanni Goria, is likely to fall later this month, and weeks may be needed to assemble a new administration.

### Finsider after the restructuring



which may end up being sold or closed. Led by 3,000 concerned steelworkers from Bagnoli in Naples, these same ducks are organising a vigorous defence against closure.

## Pharmacia improves 10% to SKr 905m

BY SARA WEBB IN STOCKHOLM

PHARMACIA, the Swedish biotechnology and pharmaceuticals group, reported a 10 per cent increase in group profits, after financial items, to SKr905m (\$150.8m) last year, with the increase held in check by adverse exchange rates and lower interest income.

However, volumes had recovered strongly since the turn of the year, up 15 per cent in the first quarter of 1988. Sabena carried nearly 2.8m passengers last year, a 7.4 per cent increase.

## NZI buys Arbuthnot Latham

By Sara Webb and David Lascaille

NORDBANKEN, Sweden's fifth largest commercial bank, has agreed to sell Arbuthnot Latham Bank, its London bank, to NZI Corporation for \$28m (\$89m).

## TI Group revives bid for Bundy

BY CLAY HARRIS IN LONDON

TI GROUP, the British engineering company, yesterday revived its bid for Bundy, the leading US maker of small-diameter tubing, and agreed to pay more than its original bid last September, which it abruptly abandoned in the wake of the stock market crash.

## Buoyant VNU to lift dividend

By Laura Raun in Amsterdam

VNU, THE Netherlands' largest publisher, increased profits by 23 per cent for 1987 and is to raise its dividend by 19 per cent to Fl 2.35 per share from Fl 2.31.

## Corning offer accepted by laboratory services group

BY RODERICK ORAM IN NEW YORK

INTERNATIONAL Clinical Laboratories, which provides medical laboratory testing services, has agreed to a \$28-a-share takeover offer from Corning Glass Works, a leading US producer of glass products.

## WOW reports loss of \$129m

WORLDS OF WONDER, the US electronic toy maker which filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection in 1987, reported a loss of \$129.2m for the third quarter ended December 31.

## John Barham in Sao Paulo chronicles the decline of a once profitable sector

Brazil's big financial conglomerates were far years among the most profitable in the world. Year after year, banks outperformed all other sectors of the Brazilian economy.

## Brazil's banks fall victim to a crisis

BRAZIL'S big financial conglomerates were far years among the most profitable in the world. Year after year, banks outperformed all other sectors of the Brazilian economy.

Not all banks took a hammering. Banco Banesco, a large regional bank, says it increased funding by offering clients interest-bearing accounts. Unsurprisingly, funding more than doubled in real terms.

Advertisement for IKTISAT BANKASI featuring a large logo and text: U.S. \$ 10,000,000 Export Finance Facility. Provided by Banco Atlantico S.A., Madrid; Credit des Bergues, Geneva; Al Saudi Banque, London; Lloyds Bank Plc., London; Nuovo Banco Ambrosiano, S.P.A., Milano; Societe Generale, Paris; The Commercial Bank of Kuwait S.A.K., Kuwait. Agent: CREDIT DES BERGUES, Geneva.



# DBS full-year profits lower than expected

BY ROGER MATTHEWS IN SINGAPORE

DEVELOPMENT BANK of Singapore (DBS), the country's largest domestic bank, announced an increase in after-tax profits of more than a fifth yesterday, somewhat below the level originally anticipated after the strong showing in the first half.

The bank, in which the island's government has a 48 per cent holding, said its results and those of the group as a whole fully accounted for the effects of the stock market crash in October.

The increase in the bank's profits to S\$121.2m (US\$60.5m) from just over S\$100m was a little lower in percentage terms than those achieved by the overall group, where net profits rose to S\$154.8m from the previous year's S\$124.4m.

A further provision of S\$61.8m was made by DBS for possible loan losses and the diminution of other assets, 22 per cent less than a year earlier.

During the year, the DBS Land group of companies achieved a public listing and their contributions were not consolidated into the group accounts. If comparative figures had been adjusted to reflect this change, the group's after-tax profits would have increased by nearly 32 per cent.

The S\$58m capital gain made by the bank from the sale of DBS Land shares is shown in the accounts as an extraordinary profit. At group level the figure comes down to S\$75.8m as the shares sold were previously recorded at net asset value.

The fall amount of the capital gain has been set aside to increase the general provision reserves to meet any future unforeseen contingencies. The bank stressed that this was over and above the provisions already made against possible problems with Third World debts.

In order to mark the bank's 20th anniversary, the directors are recommending a one-for-five rights issue and bonus dividend of 4 per cent. The ordinary final dividend for 1987 is to be 18 per cent.

# Japan Air Lines returns to dividends

By Our Financial Staff

JAPAN AIR LINES (JAL), the national flag carrier, yesterday pledged a return to dividends for its year which is about to end, restoring the payout after a three-year gap at a level which exceeded earlier hopes.

The airline announced a distribution of ¥40 per share for the year to March - matching the dividend for the 1984-85 year although many forecasts were for only ¥30 this time.

Last December, the Japanese Government sold its residual stake of just over a third in JAL for ¥42.2bn (US\$29bn) in a privatisation issue which went smoothly despite its negligible discount to the airline's sliding share price.

JAL shares have recovered since then, rising from the ¥13,400 offer level to ¥18,100 by the end of last week. However, a two-day fall of ¥500 left them at ¥15,600 by the close yesterday.

By January, JAL was describing a return to dividends this year as certain but yesterday it set the amount and revised upward its forecast for pre-tax profits to ¥24.9bn from an earlier ¥20.8bn. This it attributed to an increase in passenger business and cheaper fuel due to the year's appreciation.

# Australian SE in trading ultimatum

BY BRUCE JACQUES IN SYDNEY AND GORDON CRAMB IN LONDON

THE AUSTRALIAN Stock Exchange yesterday threatened to suspend share trading in four leading foreign-controlled companies if they do not provide information about the effects of the October share crash.

The exchange is to enforce its requirement that all companies disclose the difference between book and market value of share portfolios as at December 31.

Those identified include Industrial Equity (IEL) and Brierley Investments (BIL), the two main vehicles of Sir Ron Brierley, the New Zealand entrepreneur. Also named were Fletcher Challenge, Sir Ron's main rival in New Zealand, and ADT, the Bermuda-based international services company known until last month as Hawley Group.

The requirement has already disclosed paper losses totalling more than A\$5bn (US\$3.65bn) by leading companies listed in Australia. Among the biggest losers were Mr Robert Holmes à Court's Bell companies, Ariadne Australia, Mr John Spalvins' Adelaide Steamship empire, and Mr Alan Bond's Bond Corporation.

Sir Ron has until 9am Sydney time next Monday to comply with the stock exchange demand. He appears to be curtailing the briefest of suspensions for his companies by revealing that the information will indeed be released on that day, but not until 1.30pm.

He plans simultaneously to issue results and share portfolio information for IEL, BIL and the Hong Kong-based Industrial Equity Pacific. He has already indicated that the share crash initially slashed about A\$700m from the assets of IEL alone.

ADT - which has its main share listing in London - is seeking a dispensation to hold back the information until it issues its annual accounts later in the month.

Mr David Hammond, finance director, described ADT's portfolio holdings as immaterial worldwide and non-existent in Australia. He added that, none the less, "this is balance sheet information. We could not release to Sydney information that we have not released to our principal exchange."

ADT last week reported 1987 pre-tax profits of US\$155.4m. Only \$3.1m, or 2 per cent, came from Australasia despite operations there which contributed more than 12 per cent of the group's \$1.23bn turnover.

Fletcher Challenge, the forestry-based group which is New Zealand's biggest company, said last November that it still expected net profits substantially above NZ\$500m (US\$355.5m) for its current year to June - even after allowing for a writedown on the group's share investment portfolio to the market levels which prevailed less than a month after the crash.

After-tax earnings were NZ\$356.1m for 1986-87.

# All-round improvement at Amic

BY JIM JONES IN JOHANNESBURG

ANGLO AMERICAN Industrial Corporation (Amic), the industrial arm of South Africa's Anglo American mining house, lifted group turnover to R3.55bn (US\$650m) last year from R3.14bn and pre-tax profit to R786m from R528m.

All but a few subsidiaries increased their contributions to profits. Mondri, the 63 per cent owned pulp and paper company, lifted its after-tax earnings to R96m from R58m although operations were disrupted by floods in Natal. Mondri benefited from improved pulp export prices and was able to increase prices of paper sold to local users.

Boat International, a wholly-owned mining equipment manufacturer, benefited from increased exploration expenditure by the gold mining industry and lifted its taxed profit to R68m from R48m.

Rising consumer spending lifted sales by the 19 per cent owned Samcor, the local assembler of Ford and Mazda vehicles, which, with fractionally less than 20 per cent of the country's car market, emerged with a slightly lower market share than in 1986.

However, increased demand allowed the company to lift its sales by more than 18 per cent. McCarthy, the 25 per cent owned car retailer, increased new vehicle market penetration to 11.7 per cent from 11.4 per cent.

Amic's net earnings rose to 683 cents a share from 515 cents and the year's dividend has been lifted to 225 cents from 190 cents.

# Reorganised Li Ka-shing companies top forecasts

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

HONGKONG ELECTRIC, the power utility controlled by Mr Li Ka-shing, yesterday reported net profits of HK\$1.26bn (US\$161.5m) for 1987, a year in which its activities were substantially reorganised.

The company spun off its holdings not related to electricity with effect from the beginning of last year. It said the result was slightly ahead of comparative earnings for 1986 which, if measured on the same basis, would have been HK\$1.21bn.

The actual result for that year was HK\$1.50bn, including the time of rights issues attempted by Mr Li's companies in October, which failed amid the stock market collapse.

Cavendish said it had made an additional extraordinary gain of HK\$28.7m from investments including the sale of a 2.45 per cent stake in Pearson, owner of the Financial Times. Other interests of the Hong Kong company cover oil, property and the territory's Hilton Hotel. Turnover was HK\$2,998.3m.

A final dividend of 12 cents a share brings the total distribution for the year to 18 cents, paid from earnings per share of 79 cents.

At Hongkong Electric, profits also exceeded an October forecast of HK\$1.25bn. Turnover reached HK\$3.07bn from a hypothetical HK\$2.74bn and an actual HK\$2.99bn.

Mr Simon Murray, chairman, said electricity demand was at a record and further growth was likely because of property developments due for completion this year.

The company is paying a final dividend of 30 cents a share, for a total effective distribution of 49 cents, drawn from 79 cents per share earnings.

# Earnings down by half at United Plantations

BY WONG SULONG IN KUALA LUMPUR

UNITED PLANTATIONS, a leading Malaysian palm oil group, saw net profits cut by a half last year to 4.58m ringgit (US\$1.77m) on turnover down 38 per cent to 80m ringgit.

UP, which was formerly controlled by Danish interests but was taken over in 1984 by Fina, a Malaysian government agency, said it enjoyed better earnings from its plantation operations but profits were dragged down by losses at its Unitata refinery.

For the second successive year UP has omitted a final dividend, saying it has to invest another 30m ringgit to complete the planting of 27,000 acres of jungle land. The group has already spent more than 70m ringgit on the development which, when completed at the end of this year, will give UP 60,000 acres.

*Securities having been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.*

February, 1988

## 10,000,000 Shares

# The Coastal Corporation

## Common Stock

*This portion of the underwriting was offered in the United States by the undersigned.*

<b>8,000,000 Shares</b>	
<p><b>Shearson Lehman Hutton Inc.</b></p> <p>Bear, Stearns &amp; Co. Inc. Hambrecht &amp; Quist Montgomery Securities Salomon Brothers Inc. Advest, Inc. J. C. Bradford &amp; Co. Ladenburg, Thalmann &amp; Co. Inc. Nomura Securities International, Inc. The Robinson-Humphrey Company, Inc. Thomson McKinnon Securities Inc. Eppler, Guerin &amp; Turner, Inc. Howard, Weil, Labouisse, Friedrichs</p>	<p><b>Drexel Burnham Lambert</b> <i>Incorporated</i></p> <p>Alex. Brown &amp; Sons Kidder, Peabody &amp; Co. PaineWebber Incorporated Smith Barney, Harris Upham &amp; Co. Sanford C. Bernstein &amp; Co., Inc. Cowen &amp; Co. C. J. Lawrence, Morgan Grenfell Inc. Oppenheimer &amp; Co., Inc. SBCI Swiss Bank Corporation Tucker, Anthony &amp; R. L. Day, Inc. First Southwest Company Rauscher Pierce Refsnes, Inc.</p>
<p>Dillon, Read &amp; Co. Inc. Lazard Frères &amp; Co. Prudential-Bache Capital Funding Wertheim Schroder &amp; Co. William Blair &amp; Company A. G. Edwards &amp; Sons, Inc. McDonald &amp; Company Piper, Jaffray &amp; Hopwood Sogen Securities Corporation Wheat, First Securities, Inc. Furman Selz Mager Dietz &amp; Birney Underwood, Neuhaus &amp; Co.</p>	<p>Goldman, Sachs &amp; Co. Merrill Lynch Capital Markets Robertson, Colman &amp; Stephens Dean Witter Capital Markets Blunt Ellis &amp; Loewi First Manhattan Co. Neuberger &amp; Berman Prescott, Ball &amp; Turben, Inc. Sogen Securities Corporation Wheat, First Securities, Inc. Furman Selz Mager Dietz &amp; Birney Underwood, Neuhaus &amp; Co.</p>

*This portion of the underwriting was offered outside the United States by the undersigned.*

## 2,000,000 Shares

<p><b>Shearson Lehman Brothers International</b></p> <p>Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. CIBC Capital Markets Goldman Sachs International Corp. PaineWebber International SBCI Swiss Bank Corporation S.G. Warburg Securities</p>	<p><b>Arab Banking Corporation (ABC)</b> <i>Capital Markets Group</i></p> <p>Compagnie de Banque et d'Investissements—CBI Kleinwort Benson Limited Merrill Lynch International &amp; Co. Prudential-Bache Capital Funding J. Henry Schroder Wagg &amp; Co. Limited Westdeutsche Landesbank <i>Girobank</i></p>	<p><b>Drexel Burnham Lambert International Limited</b></p> <p>Banque Paribas Capital Markets Limited County NatWest Limited Nomura International Limited N. M. Rothschild &amp; Sons <i>Limited</i> Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited</p>
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<p style="text-align: center;"><b>U.S. \$150,000,000</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>First Interstate Overseas N.V.</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Guaranteed Floating Rate Subordinated Notes Due 1995</p> <p style="font-size: 0.8em;">Guaranteed as to principal and interest by</p> <p style="font-size: 0.8em;"><b>First Interstate Bancorp</b></p> <p style="font-size: 0.8em;">Interest Rate: 6 1/4% per annum</p> <p style="font-size: 0.8em;">Interest Period: 90 days</p> <p style="font-size: 0.8em;">Interest Payable on: U.S. \$150,000,000</p> <p style="font-size: 0.8em;">U.S. \$150,000,000</p> <p style="font-size: 0.8em;">Credit Rating: First Rating Limited Agency Bank</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>IRELAND</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>US\$500,000,000</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Floating Rate Notes Due September 1998</p> <p style="font-size: 0.8em;">In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the six months interest period from the second 1988 to 9th September 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 6 1/4% per annum. Interest payable on 9th September 1988 will amount to US\$1.41 per US\$1,000 Note and US\$4,736.96 per US\$250,000 Note.</p> <p style="font-size: 0.8em;">Agent Bank: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, London</p>
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**Alahli Bank of Kuwait (K.S.C.)**  
*(Incorporated under the Commercial Companies Law of Kuwait)*

**US\$50,000,000**

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 7.25% and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, September 9, 1988 against Coupon No. 8 in respect of US\$5,000,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$186.28 and in respect of US\$250,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$9,263.89.

March 9, 1988, London  
By: Citibank, N.A. (CSI Dept.), Agent Bank **CITIBANK**

**U.S. \$500,000,000**

**CITICORP**

Subordinated Bank Adjustable Note Capital Securities

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 7.125% and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, June 9, 1988 against Coupon No. 6 in respect of US\$50,000,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$910.42.

March 9, 1988, London  
By: Citibank, N.A. (CSI Dept.), Agent Bank **CITIBANK**

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS AND COMPANIES

Stephen Fidler on the high-risk business of film finance
Big-screen hit for Hill Samuel

THE COMBINATION of an English merchant bank with a rather stodgy image, an Italian communist film director and a British film production company might appear at first sight an unlikely group to embark on a venture together.

organisation will be selling the product to distributors.
That said, film finance is not an off-the-peg business, but one that has to be tailored to fit in every case and it must be said that the track record of many banks in the business has not been good.



Marlene Hamon: head of Hill Samuel's film finance division

provides support in case the picture misses timing or budget targets. Completion Bond Corporation, based in Los Angeles, provided the guarantee for The Last Emperor.

Sharp rise for Wardley

WARDLEY HOLDINGS, the wholly-owned merchant banking arm of Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, boosted net profits nearly 2 1/2 times last year to HK\$430m (US\$55.1m) compared with HK\$177m.

chairman, said the group's continued strong performance over the last few months indicated that it would have another successful year in 1988.

Trizec to borrow \$150m

TRIZEC CORPORATION, the Canadian-based property concern whose largest shareholders are Edger Investments and Olympia & York, is raising \$150m through a seven-year syndicated loan being arranged by Swiss Bank Corporation investment banking.

Advertisement for Banco Hispano Americano, S.A. featuring US\$300,000,000 Euro-Commercial Paper and Euro-Certificate of Deposit Programme. Includes logos for SBCI Swiss Bank Corporation and Shearson Lehman Brothers International.

EBC Amro pulls out of London Euromarket

By Alexander Nicol, Euromarkets Editor
EBC AMRO, the merchant banking arm of Amsterdam's Rotterdam Bank, yesterday announced that it was ceasing international capital markets activities in London with the loss of 65 jobs.

Two Eurosterling issues amid turbulent trading

BY CLARE PEARSON
TWO BORROWERS tapped the Eurosterling market yesterday amid turbulent trading which saw gilt-edged securities shed up to 1 percentage point in price after Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the British Prime Minister, told Parliament that sterling's renewed strength would not prompt an early cut in interest rates.

Europeans now own 10% of Glentef

By John Wicks in Zurich
EUROPEAN INVESTORS now own an estimated 10 per cent of the stock of Glentef, the Californian savings and loan group. Mr Norman Coulson, the company's president, said in Zurich yesterday that this compared with only some 2 per cent three years ago.

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

Table listing international bonds with columns for Issued, Bid, Offer, and Yield. Includes sections for US DOLLAR, EUROPEAN STRAIGHTS, and OTHER STRAIGHTS.

US QUARTERLIES

Table showing quarterly financial data for various US companies, including revenues, net income, and operating profit.

DEUTSCHE BANK STRAIGHTS

Table listing Deutsche Bank straight bonds with columns for Issued, Bid, Offer, and Yield.

SWISS FRANK STRAIGHTS

Table listing Swiss franc straight bonds with columns for Issued, Bid, Offer, and Yield.

SWISS FRANK CONVERTIBLES

Table listing Swiss franc convertible bonds with columns for Issued, Bid, Offer, and Yield.

Large vertical advertisement on the right side of the page, featuring a portrait of a man and various text elements, possibly related to a financial institution or investment firm.

UK COMPANY NEWS

Reed Intl to pay £28m for titles

BY RAYMOND SNOODY  
Reed International, the publishing and paper group, is increasing its stake in the British consumer publishing market with an agreement to buy the consumer magazine interests of International Thomson Organisation.  
Reed is to pay £28m in cash for Family Circle, Living Magazine, the recently launched Practical Series of magazines and the Checkpoint books.  
The titles are sold in 4,000 supermarkets in the UK and are therefore not seen as direct competitors to Reed's other weekly and monthly titles for women such as Woman's Own and the

recently launched Essentials.  
Turnover in 1987 of the International Thomson titles involved was about £15m with pre-tax profit of £1.5m before launch costs.  
Reed has increasingly been focusing on the publishing industry in the UK and North America for both acquisitions and expansion of existing businesses.  
The UK company's pre-tax profits rose 37 per cent to £10m for the first half of last year. The share price has been rising, after being hit by the October crash, but Reed says it has no evidence that this is being caused by a potential predator.

Abbeycrest raises £4m for growth

By Flora Thompson  
Abbeycrest, designer and distributor of jewellery, increased 1987 pre-tax profits by 71 per cent and is to raise £4.3m by an issue of shares. The company also said it is to join the main market from the USM.  
The 2.62m new ordinary shares have been conditionally placed with institutions, but under a clawback arrangement shareholders can apply for them at 174p per share on a ratio of 1-for-5. Abbeycrest's shares closed 17p down last night at 173p.  
The additional funds are required to finance further growth, said Mr Michael Lever, chairman. Mr Lever, a former dentist, founded Abbeycrest in 1978 with Mr Peter Rosenberg, a jewellery agent. The company makes inexpensive necklets, bracelets, earrings and bangles.  
The plan is to expand into new product areas such as multiple gift packs, offering a pendant and earrings set for example, ranging from £9.99 upwards.  
For the year to December 31, Abbeycrest produced pre-tax profits of £2.36m, compared with £1.38m in 1986, on turnover up from £18.52m to £21.6m. The tax charge rose from £501,000 to £904,000. Earnings per share increased from 6.7p to 11.1p.  
A final dividend of 1.35p is recommended, making a total for the year of 2.4p.

Dares Estates rises six-fold to £5m

BY PAUL CHEESERIGHT, PROPERTY CORRESPONDENT  
THE STOCK market yesterday ignored a striking rise in the annual pre-tax profits of Dares Estates, property development and investment company, and allowed the shares to slip 0.5p to 84.5p.  
Pre-tax profits at Dares for the year to December 31 were more than six times higher than in 1986 at £5.1m against £747,000. Earnings per share were 21.2p compared with 0.54p for 1986.  
The directors have proposed a final dividend of 0.4p, making total payments for the year of 0.5p a share, against 0.1p for 1986.  
Although gross rental income during 1987 at £2.8m rose sharply from £1.1m in 1986, reflecting the general trend in the industry, the greater part of the profits increase came from successful trading activities.  
The higher level of activity brought in its train increasing finance charges which reached £2.8m in 1987 after £871,000 the previous year.  
This year, however, such charges will be virtually eliminated. The sale of two properties bought last year - the former Crown Agents building in Westminster and Greenly House in the City of London - have wiped out all Dares' debts save for a debenture stock.  
These sales, early in the current financial year, provide the base for a further profits increase. At the same time they leave the group liquid, with the scope to increase its investment income on top of any further rises which might occur in rental income.  
The main developments in which Dares is engaged - office schemes in central London and Reading and residential schemes in the Home Counties - should add a new stream of revenue in 1989 and 1990.

Merivale Moore stable at midterm

Merivale Moore, yesterday announced stable half yearly results, holding the gains of 1986-87 when turnover and profits doubled.  
Adjusted pre-tax profits for the six months to end December were £3.46m compared with £3.34m in the same period of 1986, and earnings per share were 17.7p against 16.4p.  
But the directors have pushed up by 50 per cent the interim dividend to 2.25p per share.  
During the first half, Merivale Moore made a net profit of £2m from property sales, taken beneath the line as investment disposals.  
Despite the slight movement in the results, the shares rose 20p yesterday to 86p, which is 120p under their 1987-88 high point.

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

Company	Current payment	Date of payment	Corresponding dividend	Total for year	Total last year
Abbeycrest	1.35	Apr 21	0.75	2.1	2.1
Allied Pulp	1	1	1	1	1
Bladen Ind	4	Apr 20	3.7	7.7	7.2
Bluestone Toys	6.21	May 9	4.82	11.03	5.11
City & County	2.5	2.57	5.45	8.02	5.11
Crown Bk N East	30	30	30	30	30
Conti Micros	1.1	May 4	1	2.1	2.5
Dares Estates	0.4	May 5	0.5	0.9	0.14
Expanet	4.5	4.05	7.5	11.55	6.75
Green (Farm)	1.75	Apr 29	1.5	3.25	4
Lambert Howarth	6	5	8.5	14.5	7
Marcolis	0.73	Apr 29	0.73	1.46	1.46
Miller & Sant	1.25	June 24	0.75	2.0	2.35
Paragon Comm	0.5	0.5	1.8	2.3	0.95
Pentac	1.1	1.1	1.3	2.4	0.95
Perry Group	5.3	July 1	4.35	9.65	6
Michael Peters	1.5	May 6	1.2	2.7	3
Frestwich	0.5	Apr 29	0.4	0.9	1
Sinclair (Wm)	2	Apr 5	1.5	3.5	5.7
Spong Holdings	0.4	Apr 29	0.34	0.74	0.3
CMDS	0.65	0.27	1	1.65	0.27

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated.  
\*Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. †On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. ‡USM stock. §Unquoted stock.  
¶Third market special dividend in lieu of final. \*\*For 16 months.  
‡For six months. †Subject to merger becoming unconditional.

Elders IXL announces record half year: Profit up 83%, revenue up 61% and dividend up 50%

This year Elders IXL Limited has outstripped all market forecasts to record its best interim result, ever.

So marked has Elders' growth been in the past two years that our 83% rise in equity accounted earnings to A\$272.14 million in the December half has eclipsed our company's full year result for 1985-86.

We credit this success both to the sound business fundamentals and to the skill of our people, a central feature of Elders' successful performance.

Commitment to real growth in profits is also reflected in the 50% increase in dividend payments as well as the one-for-four bonus issue.

Highlights of the six months to December 31 were:

- Outstanding results from Elders Brewing and Elders Agribusiness Groups.
- Further internationalisation of Elders Agribusiness Group through key acquisitions in the United States, Canada and Europe.
- Acquisition of a strategic interest in Rada Corporation which in turn has a 44% interest in New Zealand Forest Products Limited, leading to the proposed merger of Elders Resources Limited and New Zealand Forest Products. If this merger proceeds, Elders Resources will become a major trans-Tasman natural resources business with total assets of almost A\$4 billion.
- Agreement with BHP to participate

jointly in the company which holds Elders' 18.9% stake in BHP, releasing A\$1.6 billion in cash.

Operational Review

Over the past six months each Elders' core business produced a continuing, solid cash flow and a strong profit stream in highly competitive environments.

"Elders' interim balance sheet is a reminder of the company's sound operating businesses, solid cash flows and shared management skills."

completed a solid six months due to the contribution of its gold mining and other operations in Australia and the successful expansion of its international trading activities.

- Elders Investments Limited, backed by the resources and expertise of Elders IXL, has maintained a strong cash position

and is well placed to take advantage of further investment opportunities as they arise.

Elders' interim balance sheet is a reminder of

the company's sound operating businesses (many in non-cyclical sectors), solid cash flows and shared management skills. It's a reminder that Elders IXL intends to keep making strong profits in the years ahead.

**Investor Details**  
Six months to December 31

	1986	1987	% change
	A\$ million	A\$ million	
Revenue	\$4,731	\$7,615	+61%
Profit before tax	\$232.8	\$477.5	+105%
Net income	\$148.7	\$272.1	+83%
Results per ordinary share			
Earnings per share	23.0c	26.8c	+17%
Dividends*	6.3c	9.5c	+50%

\*Adjusted for bonus issues

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Global Capital Portfolio	£2.10
United States Portfolio	£2.08
United Kingdom Portfolio	£1.05
Continental Europe Portfolio	DM3.15
Japan Portfolio	£1.05
Pacific Portfolio	£2.10
Gold Portfolio	£2.10
UK Growth of Income	£1.05
Sterling Gilt Portfolio	£1.05
Dollar Bond Portfolio	£2.10
Global Bond Portfolio	£2.10
Dollar Portfolio	£2.07
Yan Portfolio	£1
Deutschmark Portfolio	DM3
Sterling Portfolio	£1

as at 8th March, 1988.





UK COMPANY NEWS

Bluebird Toys profits expand 43% to £2.5m

BY DOMINIQUE JACKSON

Bluebird Toys, fast growing USM-quoted toy manufacturer, yesterday announced pre-tax profits up 43 per cent from £1.74m to £2.49m on turnover of £20.4m (£11.9m) for the year to end December 1987.

Mr Torquill Norman, chairman, said the results included a six month contribution from Peter Pan Playthings which the company acquired in June for £3.5m from Hanover Acceptances.

The directors recommended a dividend of 6.205p (4.165p). After tax of £860,000, earnings per share were 25.2p (18.1p).

Founded by Mr Norman in 1981, Bluebird has grown swiftly and was launched on the USM in 1985. The group now holds 3 per cent of the UK toy market.

Mr Norman said emphasis in the toy market was moving away from character merchandise such as the Postman Pat and Thomas the Tank Engine lunch boxes, flasks and toys in which Bluebird is a market leader, and back to more traditional playthings.

The acquisition of Peter Pan, which has a strong range of well-established and familiar brand names, among them Etch-a-Sketch and Plasticine plus popular games such as Othello, would help Bluebird adapt to this trend, he added.

Mr Norman said group liquidity was strong with total cash at bank or on deposit at £2.98m (£2.7m). The company last year made a substantial film investment in new injection moulding tools which was providing good returns.

Mr Norman said new additions to the Bluebird range, particularly the Oh Penny dolls house and Red Venom, a space ship to accompany last year's award-winning Mania Force, were seeing good demand and he was confident about the company's prospects for the current year and thereafter.



Torquill Norman: emphasis in the toy market moving back to more traditional playthings.

There is good news for parents who have reached the end of their tether - and the bottom of their wallets - because of demands from their children for character toys. These are the myriad playthings featuring popular television and comic figures, exemplified by the obnoxious and ubiquitous Postman Pat. At last, toy trends are moving back to old favourites like Plasticine. With Peter Pan, Bluebird should cope with this swing in playroom fads. However, it now appears there is more work to be done on repackaging the excellent but under-used brand names than initially appeared. The figures were a touch below expectations but this was due more to a surprisingly late Christmas for retailers than to any real problems at Bluebird, a well-run company which continues to show design flair and innovation in a perennially difficult market. Current year forecasts for £2m give a fabulously pitched prospective multiple of around 12.

Paragon at £0.7m after organic growth

Paragon Communications, a public relations company which obtained a listing in December, has announced pre-tax profits for 1987 more than doubled to £710,000 against £303,000. Turnover rose from £4.02m to £8.05m.

At the dividend of 0.8p is recommended, making a total of 1.8p for the year. Earnings per 5p share moved ahead to 8.5p (5.5p) after tax of £369,000 (£129,000).

The results reflected strong organic growth, the directors said, particularly in the consumer, corporate and business and technology divisions, all of which achieved significant increases in fee income.

The current year had started with a major client gains and the directors were confident that strong organic growth would be continued as well as the development of additional businesses which would lead to further expansion.

Leisuretime loss surges to £1.3m. Turnover at Leisuretime International increased by 13 per cent from £11.45m to £12.92m in the year to end-October 1987, but this worked through to a pre-tax loss of £1.3m, a ninefold increase on the comparable £140,000 deficit. No dividend is being paid.

This hotel and travel group had warned that its loss after extraordinary items could reach £2.75m, this has actually come out at £1.46m. The directors said it had been necessary to provide for certain tax and other liabilities associated with past events and problems in the group.

In January the Jivraj family took a 29.8 per cent stake in Leisuretime, which they intend to develop into a vehicle for their worldwide leisure interests. At the same time the departure of the Ahmed family from the board was announced.

Continental Microwave-higher. With all areas of its business progressing well, Continental Microwave (Holdings) increased its pre-tax profits from £370,000 to £437,000 in the six months to December 31 1987, and the interim dividend of this USM company is increased from 1p to 1.1p net. All divisions reported profits in excess of the forecast for the six months, and demand for the company's products - its microwave telecommunications, broadcast and defence electronics equipment - continued, and with a supportive order book, it was experiencing the normal disparity between the two half years.

Turnover for the opening half rose from £2.87m to £7.1m. There was a tax charge of £125,000 against £113,000, and stated earnings per share improved from 3.2p to 4.2p basic, and from 3.5p to 4.7p fully diluted.

Marcol rises 14% to £0.46m midway. Marcol Group in its first report since joining the USM last September showed pre-tax profits for the six months to the end of December up by 14 per cent on turnover which was nearly 50 per cent higher. Earnings per 5p share came out at 2.15p, against 1.98p, and the initial interim dividend is 0.75p.

On turnover of £2.46m (£2.31m) pre-tax profits for this software company specialising in aerospace and avionics were £481,000 (£494,000). Mr David Bennett, chairman, said the rise in turnover resulted from organic growth and the inclusion of Avoncom.

He added that it was usual for the second half to be substantially more profitable and that the first half included some costs which should lead to additional business in the present six months.

Helix Software, acquired in December, was trading profitably following reorganisation and was expected to contribute to profits in the present year. Tax took £185,000 (£145,000) and dividends absorbed £104,000 (£27,000).

Tricentrol offer. Atlantic Richfield and Arco US own or have acceptances in respect of 85.02m ordinary shares, about 88.8 per cent, of Tricentrol.

At the first closing date on Monday valid acceptances of the offer, which became unconditional on February 22, had been received in respect of 15.85m shares (about 17 per cent). The offer remains open until further notice.

Acquisitions strengthen Spong

Spong Holdings, retail display systems, clothing, housewares and marketing services group, has reported taxable profits of £1.04m on sales of £20.15m for the year to October 31, 1987. The directors are declaring a final dividend of 0.4p per ordinary share.

Because of the change in the accounting period in 1986 no detailed 12-month accounts are available for the comparable period of last year.

The directors said the acquisitions made during the latest period - C & J Murrell, Norank Systems, the Harmer school blazers business and Lin Pac Consumer Products - had added further strength to the group. The results of C & J Murrell had been included on merger accounting principles and the other acquisitions had been consolidated on the basis of five months for Norank and one month for Harmer and Lin Pac. The clothing division had been rationalised and the extraordinary item of £262,000 reflected the net closure costs of the Wisenhouse clothing business. Undiluted earnings per share are put at 0.97p, calculated on the weighted average of 51.46m (1986 40.23m), allowing for the shares issued in respect of acquisitions, and the shares issued under an open offer on September 2 1987.

GWR GROUP PLC advertisement. Includes company name, share capital, authorised and issued shares, and contact information for Stock Beech & Co. Limited.

Allied Partnership Group Plc advertisement. Includes financial data for APG, audited twelve months review, and company information.

Anglo American Industrial Corporation Limited (AMIC) advertisement. Includes preliminary results and notice of final ordinary dividend for 1987.

FT-CITY COURSE advertisement. Details a course in London from April 5 to May 24, 1988, organized by the Financial Times and the City University Business School.

FINANCIAL WEEKLY advertisement. Promotes a weekly publication with a £1 cover price, featuring financial news and analysis.

STARS II advertisement. Promotes Series II Securities Transferred and Repackaged Limited, offering DM 375,000,000 in Deutsche Mark Floating Rate Notes.

GRANVILLE SPONSORED SECURITIES advertisement. Lists various securities with their prices, changes, and yields.

## UK COMPANY NEWS

## Industrial side boosts Expamet

BY PHILIP COGGAN

Expamet International, building products and security group, surmounted problems at some of its subsidiaries to record a 32 per cent increase in pre-tax profits to £3.43m last year, against £6.38m. Turnover was £100.46m (£74.9m). After tax of £2.59m (£2.17m), earnings per share were 10 per cent up at 15.94p (14.48p). The final dividend is being set at 4.5p (4.05p), making a total of 7.5p (6.75p).

The greatest growth in profits, from £2.1m to £3.35m, was in the industrial division, which benefited from the inclusion for a full year of Metal Industries, bought from Thorn EMI in 1985. The acquired businesses manufacture

hydraulic accumulators and Expamet has since added to its capacity in this area with the purchase of Christie Hydraulics.

The building division gained from the buoyancy of the UK construction sector with both Expanded Metal and BAF Building Products producing significantly improved results. New management was brought in to BIC, door manufacturer, and contributed to a £400,000 turnaround into profit. The division as a whole increased profits from £1.86m to £2.62m.

Two of the problem subsidiaries were in the security division which increased profits only marginally from £2.43m to

£2.46m. That was despite a good performance from APT which won a large order for parking meters from Westminster City Council.

Maximal, which makes components for security systems such as shock sensors and panic buttons, suffered production difficulties after winning substantial orders in the US. New management has been brought in and the company is on its way back to profitable trading.

Videoscan incurred higher-than-expected costs in introducing the Datascan system, which monitors check-out tills in supermarkets. But costs have been reduced and the company is expected to trade profitably this year.

The other two problem subsidiaries were sold - the US-based Expanded Metals Corporation to Alabama Metals and the UK-based Special Metals to Amex Corporation. Extraordinary debits of £307,000 partly reflect the costs of the disposals.

In December, Expamet acquired Cash & Security Equipment which makes coin and note handling machinery and supplies camera surveillance systems to

banks and building societies. The 1986 figures have been restated to reflect the merger.

## ● comment

Expamet has expanded rapidly via the purchase of private companies and these figures neatly illustrate both the advantages and the dangers of such diversification. Small companies rarely have management in depth and are heavily affected by the costs of launching new products. However, such is Expamet's strength as a whole that it can shrug off the problems of a few subsidiaries. The good news for the future is that the company is well-positioned in several growing niche markets - supplying hydraulic accumulators for advanced braking systems, for instance, or providing security systems for banks. And the management problem is being solved by replacing the original owners of acquired companies with business-school trained executives. Assuming £10m-£10.5m pre-tax this year, the shares at 15p are on a prospective p/e of around 9. With the added attraction of a 5.6 per cent yield, that is hardly a demanding rating.

## Psion to join USM valued at £16.6m

By Heather Farnborough

Psion, maker of hand held computers, is coming to the Unlisted Securities Market following a placing which values it at £16.6m.

Psion's main product is the Organiser II, a hand held computer which can be used as an electronic personal organiser or, more commonly, by large corporations. Marks and Spencer uses the Organiser with its charge card and as a price lock-up system.

In 1987, 90 per cent of sales came from the Organiser range, about half of which were exported. Mr David Potter, chairman and managing director, expects this proportion to decrease to about 80 per cent in a year's time as new hardware and software products come on stream.

In 1982 and 1983, most of the company's income came from the sale of leisure software. An attempt to move away from computer software through a licensing agreement for ICL and Sinclair Research products proved disappointing, leading to a pre-tax loss in 1984. After a couple of dull years, pre-tax profits were boosted from £385,000 in 1986 to £1.9m in 1987, reflecting the success of the Organiser II.

Chartwell Bank is placing 3m ordinary shares, or 15 per cent of Psion's enlarged share capital, at 97p per share. Psion is expected to report £2.75m for the year to December, and at the placing price, the shares are on a historic p/a of 12.5.

## GWR goes for quote

GWR, the largest independent radio station in the South outside London, is coming to the USM with an introduction which capitalises the company at £3.3m. GWR broadcasts to up to 1.7m listeners in the Bristol, Bath, Swindon, Plymouth and East Cornwall areas.

GWR's chairman is Mr Henry Meakin, who is also chairman of Aspen Communications Group, which owns 21 per cent of the company.

Pre-tax profits last year were £486,000, (£98,717). The prospective p/e is just over 10 times. Brokers to the company are Stock Becht.

## Independent hospitals in £6.6m deal

By Dominique Jackson

Community Hospitals has made a £6.6m cash offer for USM-quoted West Yorkshire Independent Hospital in which Community already holds a 48.9 per cent stake.

Community owns or manages several independent hospitals and nursing homes across the country and is involved in commissioning, funding and planning various types of health care facilities.

Turnover of Community in the year ended June 30 1987 rose from £2.7m to £4.1m while pre-tax profits rose from £0.3m to £1.2m.

Community is offering 155p cash for each West Yorkshire ordinary share although shareholders may elect to receive an equivalent nominal amount of loan notes.

Sir Peter Thompson, Community chairman, said the offer was in line with the group's objectives of managing the hospitals in which it holds significant investments and as a preliminary to bringing Community Hospitals itself to the market.

## City Merchant

City Merchant Developers, formerly Rivin, USM-quoted property investor and developer, reported substantial growth in all operations in 1987. Pre-tax profits, including exceptional items of £2.58m, were £3.72m.

At present the company is involved in an agreed merger with Inry International.

Directors said that subject to the Inry offer being declared unconditional, a second interim payment of £.65m would be made making a total for the year of 1p. Earnings per share were 10.7p (4.6p losses).

## Ryman helps Pentos to £2.8m profits increase

BY ANDREW HILL

PROFITS at Pentos, the expanding retail, office equipment and property group, increased to £2.8m before tax in 1987, compared with £2m.

The specialist retailing subsidiaries - Dillons Bookstores, the Athena poster and bookshops and the Ryman stationery chain - made trading profits of £2.5m (£3.4m) on sales of £80.6m (£88.7m), 67 per cent of the group's total turnover of £90m (£83.2m).

Ryman, bought last August for £18m, contributed pre-tax profits of £900,000 for the five-month period compared with £900,000 for the full year to May 31. A new warehouse, due to open in 1988, will enable Pentos to supply stock for over 130 Ryman shops, compared with 67 at the end of 1987. Pre-tax profits of £1.6m are expected for Ryman this year.

Office furniture, under the brand names Caplan and Adler, increased trading profits to £2.7m (£1.8m) on sales up 44 per cent to £20.2m (£14.1m), and trading profits from the property development sector were up from £500,000 to £700,000.

Mr Terry Maher, Pentos chairman, hopes for organic growth from the existing Athena and Dillons stores of 35 or 40 per cent this year, and perhaps 25 per cent



Terry Maher hopes for organic growth

growth from office furniture and the redesigned Ryman stores.

Actual growth is likely to be higher because of the group's intention to invest £15m in 1988, against £10m last year and £7m in 1986. Of this, £11m will be spent on UK retailing, adding 100,000 sq. ft. of store space to the 255,000 sq. ft. owned at the end of 1987.

Expansion of the Athena chain in the US and overseas, which contributes about 10 per cent of the group's total sales, will be

held back until the existing shops break even. Last year the nine US shops lost about £100,000.

The directors propose a final dividend of 1p, making 1.3p (0.95p) for the year. Fully diluted earnings per share increased to 7.3p (5.75p).

## ● comment

Mr Terry Maher acknowledges there is a limit to the number of books he can sell, but his flagship Dillons store in Gower Street seems to be trying to disprove him: turnover has increased by nearly 60 per cent since the refurbishment of the shop and if Pentos can turn Ryman round in the same way - a new shop design should be in most High Streets by early summer - then the future looks rosy. Within five years Pentos hopes to own 1m sq. ft. of sales space and without having to take on new retail activities the group could begin to put together profitable combinations of shops in the same area. The possibility of VAT on books may worry the market in the short term, but retailing is well-supported by the property and office furniture divisions. Pre-tax profits are likely to top £11m before tax this year, and the shares - down 5p yesterday to close at 125p - look fully valued on a prospective multiple of about 14.

## Precious Metals assets fall to 175p midterm

Precious Metals Trust showed lower net asset value per share of 175p, for the six months ended January 31 1988, compared with 199.3p. Earnings per share were 2.4p (0.55p). Revenue before tax was £417,000 (£120,000). Income from fixed asset investments was £512,000 (£131,000), interest

£25,000 (£45,000) and loss on dealing activities £10,000 (£69,000 profit).

Dividend payment was 0.55p. Administrative expenses totalled £133,000 (£132,000). Interest payable £32,000 (£2,000). Net asset value at March 1 1988 was 170.5p.

In December, Expamet acquired Cash & Security Equipment which makes coin and note handling machinery and supplies camera surveillance systems to



## Ferguson Industrial Holdings PLC

has sold its wholly owned subsidiary

## British Trimmings (Holdings) Limited

to the management together with a consortium of financing institutions

Ferguson Industrial Holdings PLC

was advised by the undersigned in this transaction

ARBUTHNOT LATHAM BANK LIMITED  
Corporate Finance Division131 Finsbury Pavement  
Moorgate, London EC2A 1AY. 01-628 9876

## British Airways Plc

has acquired

## British Caledonian Group plc

We acted as the financial adviser to British Caledonian Group plc.

Goldman Sachs

Goldman Sachs International Corp.

March 1988

## Unilever PLC

has sold its subsidiary

## Thames Board Limited

to

## AB Iggesunds Bruk

We acted as the financial adviser to Unilever PLC.

February 1988

Goldman Sachs

Goldman Sachs International Corp.

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This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange. It does not constitute an invitation to the public to subscribe for or purchase shares.



PSION PLC

(Registered in England under the Companies Acts 1948 to 1978 No. 1520131)

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Authorized £1,125,000

Share Capital in Ordinary Shares of 5p each

Issued and to be issued fully paid 2,866,223

The Company develops, engineers and markets portable computers, business applications software and leisure software. The Company's software skills have been applied to word processors, spreadsheets, databases, graphics, operating systems, languages, communications and custom corporate systems.

Charterhouse Bank Limited has arranged for 2,191,575 Ordinary Shares to be placed by Chase Manhattan Securities and for 880,785 Ordinary Shares to be placed by Charterhouse Titney.

Particulars of the Company are available in the Extra Listed Securities Market Service and copies of such particulars or of the Prospectus may be obtained during normal business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) up to and including 23rd March, 1988 from:

Charterhouse Bank Limited 1 Paternoster Row St. Paul's London EC4M 7DH

Chase Manhattan Securities Woodgate House Colman Street London EC2P 2MD

8th March, 1988

Acquisitions help Allied Partnership to double

BY DAVID WALLER

Allied Partnership, building services and fork-lift truck hire company formerly known as Allied Plant, yesterday reported 1987 pre-tax profits of £3.61m, more than double the £1.65m made in 1986.

Mr Martyn Rose, chairman and architect of the recovery in the last four years, said that the improvement reflected both the benefits of recent acquisitions and a strong trading performance in all the group's companies.

Acquisitions contributed approximately £1m to operating profits of £3.61m (£1.65m). These include the fork-lift truck businesses bought from Vernons Plant and Tiger Holdings, the railcar operator, both acquired last July for a maximum consideration of £10.1m in cash and shares.

profits amounted to £2.58m (£1.28m) and earnings per share worked out at 4.22p, compared to 2.09p in 1986 on the old capital base.

A final dividend of 1p per share is to be paid, making 1.5p for the year, against a total of 1p in 1986.

In line with City expectations, yesterday's figures contained few surprises, and even fewer details.

Nevertheless, the overall picture provides evidence of the continuing success of Mr Rose's strategy of concentrating on specialised hire services and niche areas of the building supplies market. The latter, which includes landscape contracting and stone-masonry businesses based in the south-east, have clearly flourished on the back of last year's building boom, which is unlikely to be repeated. However, the impact of

any downturn should be mitigated by the potential for geographical diversification and further in-fill acquisitions. The hire division, too, has plenty of scope for organic growth.

The interim dividend has been set at 1.75p (1.5p). Mr David Legg, chairman, said order books were at a record level and that the growth in turnover had come almost equally from institutional and retailing clients and private developers. Although based in London the consultancy had offices in Norwich and Bristol and planned expansion to Cardiff and Manchester in the near future.

E.Green rises 28% to £0.98m

Ernest Green and Partners, the USM-quoted structural and civil engineering consultancy, increased earnings per share by 28 per cent from 6.5p to 8.4p for the six months to December 31 1987. Pre-tax profit was up 28 per cent from £767,000 to £982,000 and turnover from £2,828m to £2,628m.

The interim dividend has been set at 1.75p (1.5p). Mr David Legg, chairman, said order books were at a record level and that the growth in turnover had come almost equally from institutional and retailing clients and private developers.

Although based in London the consultancy had offices in Norwich and Bristol and planned expansion to Cardiff and Manchester in the near future.

Bensons Crisps advances 72%

BY NIKKI TAIT

Bensons Crisps, USM-quoted snacks manufacturer, yesterday announced a 72 per cent improvement in pre-tax profits from £20,181 to £72,329 in the year to November 28 1987. Sales rose by 20% to £12.6m.

At the earnings per share level, however, the rise was more modest - 5.5p against 5.3p - after an increased tax charge. Nevertheless, Bensons, which tumbled heavily in the red in 1984, is planning to return to the dividend list.

The directors propose a 0.5p payout, the first since 1983. Bensons attributed the margin improvement to new product development and cost-savings, but admitted that the UK crisp and snack industry remained "fiercely competitive".

Wm Sinclair shows growth at midway

William Sinclair Holdings, a USM-quoted plant breeder and seed specialist which has expanded via numerous acquisitions during the past 18 months, increased its profits from £322,000 to £323,000 pre-tax over the half year ended December 31 1987.

The company intends to apply for a full listing before the end of the year. Turnover for the opening half pushed ahead to £3.45m (£3,350,000) against £3,050,000 (£2,940,000) for the half year ended December 31 1986.

The interim dividend is being stepped up from an adjusted 1.5p to 2p.

City & Commercial

Net asset value per £1 capital share of the City & Commercial Investment Trust stood at £12.5 at January 31 compared with £12.88 a year earlier.

Revenue for the year edged ahead to £12.9m (£12.1m) after tax of £453,000 (£521,000), equal to earnings of 5.452p (5.115p). A final dividend of 2.808p makes a total of 5.452p (5.115p).

BOARD MEETINGS

Table listing board meetings for various companies including British Vint, British Virgin, British Virgin Islands, etc.

FT LAW REPORTS

UK secondary air legislation ousts Bangladesh law

HOLMES v BANGLADESH BIMAN CORPORATION, Court of Appeal (Lord Donaldson, Lord Justice Dillon, Lord Justice Bingham): February 26 1988

The Court of Appeal so held when dismissing an appeal by Bangladesh Biman Corporation from Mr Justice Leggatt's decision on a preliminary issue that any damages to be awarded to service of proceedings in the UK, and so override the limits imposed by Bangladesh law as the proper law of the contract of carriage.

UK LEGISLATIVE limits on an airline's liability for the death of a passenger apply to a fatal accident occurring on a domestic flight in Bangladesh, subject to service of proceedings in the UK, and so override the limits imposed by Bangladesh law as the proper law of the contract of carriage.

The Court of Appeal so held when dismissing an appeal by Bangladesh Biman Corporation from Mr Justice Leggatt's decision on a preliminary issue that any damages to be awarded to Mrs Kekko Holmes, for the death of her husband should be limited according to UK law and not according to Bangladesh law.

LORD JUSTICE BINGHAM said that in August 1984 a Bangladesh aircraft crashed on a domestic flight in Bangladesh. Mr Holmes was a passenger and was killed. His widow brought the present proceedings against the airline, claiming under the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1984 and the Fatal Accidents Act 1987.

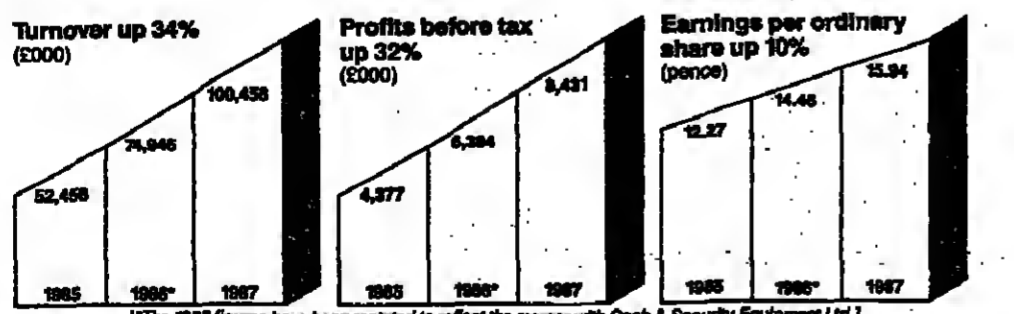
On a preliminary issue, Mr Justice Leggatt ruled in favour of Mrs Holmes that Schedule 1 applied. The airline appealed.

If Schedule 1 applied, the airline's liability was limited to approximately £82,768. The damages suffered exceeded that figure. If Schedule 1 did not apply, as the airline contended, liability was limited to 9,500 lakhs, by contract or by the Bangladesh Carriage by Air Act 1934 which was incorporated into the contract.

Mrs Holmes relied on the Carriage by Air Act 1961 and the 1967 Order to oust the Bangladesh proper law.

The effect of the 1961 Act and the 1967 Order read together was to create three broad categories of carriage: international carriage governed by the Warsaw Convention as amended at the Hague; international carriage governed by the amended Convention.

The well-defined strategy of its strong management team proves successful for Expamet's three business sectors.



1987 was the seventh successive year of growth for Expamet International with overall profits, at £8.4m, up 32%. Turnover increased by 34% to £100.4m. A final dividend of 4.5p is being recommended making a total for the year of 75p, an increase of 11%.

BUILDING: TURNOVER UP 19% The five Expamet International companies supplying the building markets in the UK and overseas all had a good year with high demand continuing into 1988.

EXPAMET INTERNATIONAL PLC BUILDING INDUSTRIAL AND SECURITY PRODUCTS

For Mrs Holmes: Timothy Walker QC (Counsel) For the airline: Robert Webb (Barrister & Son)

Rachel Davies Barrister

THESE REPORTS are published in volume form with the full text of judgments. For subscription details contact Kluwer Law Publishing, Africa House, 68 King's Way, London, WC2B 6BD. Tel: 01-881 0991



CURRENCIES, MONEY AND CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Thatcher boosts sterling

MRS MARGARET Thatcher, the Prime Minister, gave a further boost to sterling yesterday, when she warned Parliament about the dangers of inflation from continued foreign exchange intervention...

The pound would hold on to its gains, it has been widely forecast that the UK balance of payments deficit will widen as growth remains strong...

The D-Mark rose against the dollar, as pressure increased on the US currency because of money flowing into sterling. Dealers said movements in the market reflected the pound's strength rather than dollar weakness.

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Little change in gilts

THE IMMEDIATE reaction to the Prime Minister's remarks about sterling and interest rates was to sell sterling denominated interest rates futures, but contracts recovered towards the close of life trading on profit taking.

June gilts touched a low of 121.15 as Mrs Thatcher dashed any hopes of lower base rates, but recovered to close at 122.09, little changed from Monday's finish of 122.11.

Table with columns: Strike, Call, Put, Settlement, etc. for Liffe LHM Gilts Futures Options.

Table with columns: Strike, Call, Put, Settlement, etc. for Liffe US Treasury Bond Futures Options.

Table with columns: Strike, Call, Put, Settlement, etc. for Liffe FT-SE Index Futures Options.

Estimated volume total, Call 2754 Put 2071. Previous day's open at: Call 2663 Put 2489.

Estimated volume total, Call 1465 Put 285. Previous day's open at: Call 676 Put 640.

Estimated volume total, Call 0 Put 15. Previous day's open at: Call 29 Put 72.

Table with columns: Strike, Call, Put, Settlement, etc. for Liffe 6% Options.

Table with columns: Strike, Call, Put, Settlement, etc. for Liffe Eurodollar Options.

Table with columns: Strike, Call, Put, Settlement, etc. for Liffe Short Sterling.

Table with columns: Strike, Call, Put, Settlement, etc. for Liffe 10% Options.

Table with columns: Strike, Call, Put, Settlement, etc. for Liffe Eurodollar Options.

Table with columns: Strike, Call, Put, Settlement, etc. for Liffe Short Sterling.

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

Table showing EMS European Currency Unit Rates with columns for Country, Unit, and Rate.

POUND SPOT - FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND

Table showing Pound Spot - Forward Against the Pound with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

DOLLAR SPOT - FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR

Table showing Dollar Spot - Forward Against the Dollar with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

Table showing Euro-Currency Interest Rates with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

Table showing Exchange Cross Rates with columns for Currency, Rate, and % Change.

PARALELPA 6% OPTIONS

Table showing Paralelpa 6% Options with columns for Strike, Call, Put, Settlement, etc.

LONDON 6% OPTIONS

Table showing London 6% Options with columns for Strike, Call, Put, Settlement, etc.

CHICAGO

Table showing Chicago market data with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

NEW YORK

Table showing New York market data with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

3-MONTH 10% INTEREST RATE

Table showing 3-Month 10% Interest Rate with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

3-MONTH 8% INTEREST RATE

Table showing 3-Month 8% Interest Rate with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

3-MONTH 7% INTEREST RATE

Table showing 3-Month 7% Interest Rate with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

3-MONTH 6% INTEREST RATE

Table showing 3-Month 6% Interest Rate with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

3-MONTH 5% INTEREST RATE

Table showing 3-Month 5% Interest Rate with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

3-MONTH 4% INTEREST RATE

Table showing 3-Month 4% Interest Rate with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

3-MONTH 3% INTEREST RATE

Table showing 3-Month 3% Interest Rate with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

3-MONTH 2% INTEREST RATE

Table showing 3-Month 2% Interest Rate with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

3-MONTH 1% INTEREST RATE

Table showing 3-Month 1% Interest Rate with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

3-MONTH 0% INTEREST RATE

Table showing 3-Month 0% Interest Rate with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

Advertisement for Aspirin pain relief with text: 'For ASPIRIN pain relief TAKE ANADIN FAST PAIN RELIEF'.

Advertisement for CRB Futures Chart Service with text: 'CRB FUTURES CHART SERVICE'.

Advertisement for LG Index Ltd with text: 'LG INDEX LTD, 9-11 GROSVENOR GARDENS, LONDON SW1W 0BD'.

Large advertisement for Forward Trust Treasury Services with text: 'THE CORPORATE INVESTOR'S PHONE CHECK LIST' and 'FORWARD TRUST TREASURY SERVICES'.

MONEY MARKETS

Rates hold steady

THERE WAS little change in interest rates in London yesterday. In early trading three-month interbank fell to 9 1/8 p.c., but then moved up to 9 1/4 p.c., after the Prime Minister told the Commons that an early cut in interest rates would not be allowed...

In Brussels the Belgian National Bank continued its recent policy of reducing short term paper rates. The interest rate on four-month certificates, issued by the securities regulation fund, was cut by 0.05 p.c. to 6.15 p.c. at yesterday's weekly tender...

The Bank of England initially forecast a money market shortage of £100m, but revised this to a surplus of £100m at noon. The authorities did not operate in the market before lunch, but in the afternoon sold £100m Treasury bills, due March 11, at 8 1/2 p.c.

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

Table showing FT London Interbank Fixing with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

NEW YORK

Table showing New York market data with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

LONDON MONEY RATES

Table showing London Money Rates with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

NEW YORK MONEY RATES

Table showing New York Money Rates with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

PARALELPA 6% OPTIONS

Table showing Paralelpa 6% Options with columns for Strike, Call, Put, Settlement, etc.

NEW YORK

Table showing New York market data with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

LONDON MONEY RATES

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NEW YORK MONEY RATES

Table showing New York Money Rates with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

PARALELPA 6% OPTIONS

Table showing Paralelpa 6% Options with columns for Strike, Call, Put, Settlement, etc.

LONDON 6% OPTIONS

Table showing London 6% Options with columns for Strike, Call, Put, Settlement, etc.

NEW YORK

Table showing New York market data with columns for Term, Rate, and % Change.

EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE

Table with columns: Series, Vol, Last, May 88, Jun 88, Jul 88, Aug 88, Sep 88, Oct 88, Nov 88, Dec 88, Stock

Table with columns: Series, Vol, Last, May 88, Jun 88, Jul 88, Aug 88, Sep 88, Oct 88, Nov 88, Dec 88, Stock

Table with columns: Series, Vol, Last, May 88, Jun 88, Jul 88, Aug 88, Sep 88, Oct 88, Nov 88, Dec 88, Stock

TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS: 27,786

A=Ask B=Bid C=Call P=Put

BASE LENDING RATES

Table listing various banks and their base lending rates, including Citibank, HSBC, and others.

AUTHORISED UNIT TRUSTS

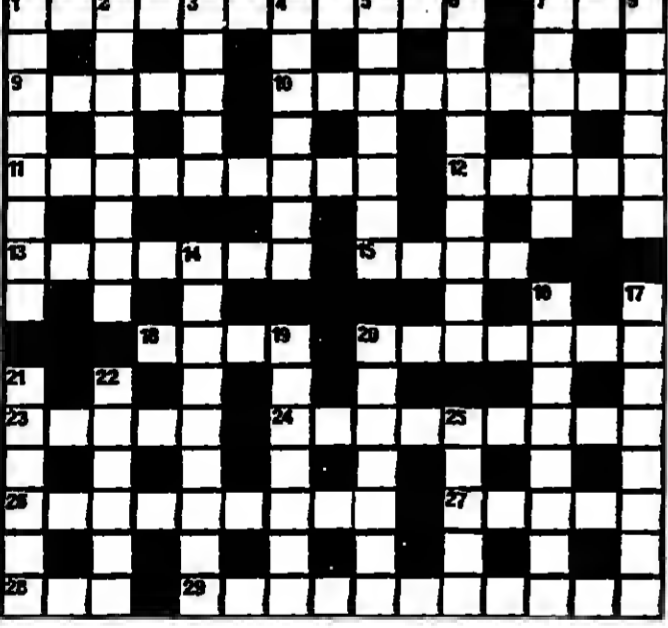
Table listing various authorised unit trusts such as Abbey Unit Trust, Abnott Unit Trust, and others.

FT UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE

Large table listing numerous unit trusts, their managers, and performance data.

Small Business advertisement with text: 'The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on: 22nd April 1988'.

FT CROSSWORD No.6,576 SET BY HIGHLANDER



ACROSS 1 Business commitment (11) 7 Almost completed by one of the teaching staff (3) 9 Succeeded during period of expansion, is now bust (5) 10 At a place where there is understanding hospital resident (9) 11 Hybrid tree can, in producing fruit (9) 12 Disastrous setback: no time to smoke (6) 13 Clear out before the big apple theft (7) 15 Roll back tropical disease (4) 18 Admit making a promise (4) 20 Wearing special clothing one has to live in (7) 23 Stands by callers at Christmas (5) 24 In the fracas journalist is cut (9) 26 Other changes refer to backing: it's all speculative (9) 27 In the morning I have to leave friend (5) 28 Dance of spring (3) 29 Report has influence; it keeps documents under control (11) DOWN 1 Metropolitan bishopric is elegantly divided (8) 2 Pamphlet on south of France turns up in rubbish container (6) 3 Union leads medical man a dance (5) 4 Seaman - one fired by yen for craft (7)

Solution to Puzzle No.6,575 showing a crossword grid with words filled in.

FT UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE

Handwritten text at the top center of the page.

Main table containing unit trust information, including columns for company names, fund names, and other details. The table is organized into sections such as 'INSURANCES' and 'Unit Trusts'.

INSURANCES

Continued on next page

FT UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE

Main table containing unit trust information with columns for company name, unit price, and other financial metrics. Includes sub-sections like 'OFFSHORE AND OVERSEAS' and 'MANAGEMENT SERVICES'.

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FT UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE

Table of FT Unit Trust Information Service, listing various unit trusts with columns for Name, Investment Objective, and other details.

LONDON SHARE SERVICE

Table of London Share Service, listing various share investments with columns for Name, Price, and other details.

Table of Money Market Trust Funds, listing various money market funds with columns for Name, Price, and other details.

Table of Money Market Bank Accounts, listing various bank accounts with columns for Name, Price, and other details.



LONDON SHARE SERVICE

INDUSTRIALS (Misc.) - Contd.

Table of industrial share prices including companies like British Petroleum, British Airways, and various engineering firms. Columns include company name, price, and change.

Table of industrial share prices (continued) listing companies such as British Airways, British Petroleum, and various engineering firms.

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AMERICANS - Contd. Table listing American share prices.

CANADIANS Table listing Canadian share prices.

BANKS, HP & LEASING Table listing bank and leasing share prices.

BEERS, WINES & SPIRITS Table listing beverage share prices.

BUILDING, TIMBER, ROADS Table listing construction share prices.

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DRAPERY AND STORES - Contd. Table listing retail share prices.

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ENGINEERING - Contd. Table listing engineering share prices.

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LONDON SHARE SERVICE

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INSURANCES - Contd

Table listing insurance companies and their share prices.

PAPER, PRINTING, ADVERTISING - Contd

Table listing paper, printing, and advertising companies and their share prices.

TEXTILES - Contd

Table listing textile companies and their share prices.

TRUSTS, FINANCE, LAND - Contd

Table listing trusts, finance, and land companies and their share prices.

OIL AND GAS - Contd

Table listing oil and gas companies and their share prices.

MINES - Contd

Table listing mining companies and their share prices.

LEISURE

Table listing leisure companies and their share prices.

PROPERTY

Table listing property companies and their share prices.

TOBACCO

Table listing tobacco companies and their share prices.

TRUSTS, FINANCE, LAND

Table listing trusts, finance, and land companies and their share prices.

OVERSEAS TRADERS

Table listing overseas traders and their share prices.

THIRD MARKET

Table listing third market companies and their share prices.

MOTORS, AIRCRAFT TRADES

Table listing motor and aircraft trade companies and their share prices.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES

Table listing commercial vehicle companies and their share prices.

COMMERCIAL

Table listing commercial companies and their share prices.

MINES

Table listing mining companies and their share prices.

PLANTATIONS

Table listing plantation companies and their share prices.

MISCELLANEOUS

Table listing miscellaneous companies and their share prices.

NEWSPAPERS, PUBLISHERS

Table listing newspaper and publishing companies and their share prices.

SHIPPING

Table listing shipping companies and their share prices.

SHOES AND LEATHER

Table listing shoes and leather companies and their share prices.

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REGIONAL & IRISH STOCKS

Table listing regional and Irish stocks and their share prices.

TRADITIONAL OPTIONS

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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Bonds and equities close steadily after erratic trading in both sectors

Account Dealing Dates table with columns for Order, Decline, Last, Account, Day, Mar, Apr, May

A SESSION of erratic movements in prices for both equities and Government bonds closed with both sectors in good form following the Parliamentary statement from Mrs Thatcher, the UK Prime Minister, that there would be no early change in interest rates to deal with the sudden rise in sterling.

The initial response to the Prime Minister's statement, and to the further rise in the pound which followed it, was a sharp mark-down in both Gilt-edged and share prices. However, on the second day, City analysts took the view that Mrs Thatcher's words were positive for inflation, and neutral for interest rate prospects.

Government bonds, which moved wildly in mid-afternoon, closed with gains of about 1/4. Bond analysts stressed the favourable implications for inflation of the official decision to allow sterling to rise rather than to lower interest rates.

The rise in the pound has not shaken market confidence ahead of what is generally expected to be a reasonably good Budget, now less than a week away and with no major UK economic data due in the meantime.

Among the major export shares threatened by a pound at DM 3.07, ICI gave ground. But selling of the shares, never on any great scale, dried up before the close.

Equity turnover, at 420.9m shares on the Seaq system, remained healthy. Activity below the recently improved levels. There was ready support for a number of special situations, among which oil stocks again featured as industry analysts predicted an early upturn in crude prices.

Heavy buying of British Petroleum shares reinforced belief that US, UK and Middle Eastern sources take a highly favourable view of the group's

prospects in the wake of the British oil deal.

In early trading in the Gilt-edged market before the news from the House of Commons - prices stood up well in the face of some profit-taking from Japan overnight. Prices plunged by 1/4 on the Prime Ministerial comments, but as quickly recovered when wiser counsels took effect.

The excitement may have again restrained the authorities from issuing the market-management tap stock, which is regarded as a certainty over the pre-Budget period.

The early wave of buying interest triggered widespread speculation that a stake - other than the near 20 per cent holding of the Kuwait Investment Office - was being accumulated. The rumours hinged on the sustained and heavy buying of BP over the past couple of weeks during which turnover in the old had approached 70m in the new 150m shares.

Kilnworth Grieverson were again the big buyers in the market and Philip Lambert, the firm's oil company analyst, confirmed their positive stance on BP. "We think BP is one of the cheapest stocks in the market," he added, "that the company is 'the upstream major and will benefit very quickly from an expected upturn in crude oil prices in the near term'."

Shell progressed to close 9 up at 88 1/2 on turnover of 1.3m shares. Enterprise Oil rose up to 35 1/2 on general enthusiasm over the discovery of the Nelson oil field in the North Sea but dipped late to close unchanged on the day at 35 1/2 after turnover of 3m shares.

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FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES table with columns for Mar 8, Mar 7, Mar 6, Mar 5, Mar 4, Mar 3, Mar 2, Mar 1, 1987/88, and Stock Completion

Day's High 1464.0 Day's Low 1453.1

LONDON REPORT AND LATEST SHARE INDEX: TEL. 0898 123001

with a takeover price of at least 800p a share. Britoil, said by dealers to be a cheap way into BP, were 4 up at 50 1/2.

The big four banks came under minor selling pressure and generally closed with minor falls. But Lloyds, bought up to 28 1/2 early in the day, closed unchanged at 28 1/2 on turnover of 2.6m; rumours that a stake is being accumulated continued to circulate yesterday.

Dealers reported a much more confident performance by Standard Chartered which closed only a shade easier at 48 1/2 after Monday's steep fall. TSB where there was a single deal of 2m on balance at 51 1/2 as well as a 1m deal at the same price, eased to 51 1/2.

Merchant banks remained in vogue after the recent spate of "bny" recommendations. SG Warburg jumped 9 more to 36 1/2. Kleinwort Benson 6 to 38 1/2 and Morgan Grenfell 7 to 37 1/2.

Worries of possible increased taxation in the budget depressed the life assurance companies, especially Abbey which dropped 1 1/2 to 26 1/2. Composites slipped back with Commercial Union 5

down at 35 1/2 after "take profits" advice from Kleinwort Grenverson. Yesterday saw the introduction to the market of Berry Starquest, formerly Berry Trust, the shares opened at 15 1/2, but later slipped back and settled at 15 1/2.

Business in the Building sector contracted and prices gave ground. Redland and BAC, both major overseas earners, fell back, the former settling 6 off at 43 1/2 and the latter closing 5 cheaper at 46 1/2.

Elsewhere, Barratt Developments attracted occasional support ahead of the interim statement, due on March 23, and added 3 at 18 1/2; Phillips and Drew, the securities house, are recommending purchases of the shares and expect Barratt to reveal half-year profits of some 53m.

Volume in ICI totalled 3.3m shares, but the price eased to 110 1/2. Bagnall Industries firmed 4 to 17 1/2 in reply to good annual results, but Leigh Interests shed that much, to 19 1/2, on news of the 5.7m rights issue.

The top line electronics were again relatively quiet. BSR, a poor market after the preliminary figures which were regarded as slightly disappointing, staged a good revival and settled 4 better at 8 1/2 as at least two major securities houses took a much more positive view of the stock.

Country NatWest say "we are optimistic about prospects and regard the rating as modest, but while BZW say "on our current year estimate (22m) the shares look cheap".

It attracted a substantial two-way business and dipped back to 33 1/2 before closing 4 cheaper on balance at 34 1/2 after announcing an 80m cash bid for US small diameter tube manufacturer Bundy. TI made an earlier bid for Bundy but that was withdrawn because of the worldwide decline in share prices.

The latest bid, according to analysts, Bob Bucknall of Smith New Court, is effectively 10 per cent cheaper than the previous one because of exchange rate changes since the crash. Bundy's earnings are running 20 per cent higher than last October, and Mr

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also powered forward. Evans Halshaw, currently favoured by County NatWest, jumped 15 more to 27 1/2 while H & J Quick spurred 10 to 28 1/2; Courtauld's pension fund holds 1.1 per cent of the latter. The re-rating of Lex Service continued and the shares ended 5 higher at 35 1/2, but Jaguar were again prone to sterling-dollar influences and lost 7 to 32 1/2.

Leading Properties edged forward in thin trading. Lex Securities picked up 5 1/2 and MEPC hardened to 48 1/2. Elsewhere, Securitas added 2 to 51 1/2 on further consideration of the 288m property portfolio acquisition from Mountleigh and Handsworth Trust gained 7 to 18 1/2 in related response to Press comment. Dares Estates settled a penny cheaper at 34 1/2 despite sharply increased annual profits, but Merivale Moore responded to the interim results with a gain of 20 to 36 1/2.

Mersey Dock units came with a strong run, gaining 11 to 29 1/2 following a revival of speculative enthusiasm. Palma surged higher still to end 8 up at 8 1/2 following a good press reception of Monday's preliminary statement. Readlink also progressed, gaining 4 to 7 1/2.

Dealers reported a quiet day in the London Traded Options market. Total contracts came out at 21,572, comprising 14,216 calls and 7,356 puts. Business in the FTSE index options was thin with only 1,020 calls and 800 puts registered. Wellcome March 420 and 460 calls attracted some interest and there were also buyers of LASMO calls which totalled 1,430.

Traditional Options

- First dealings Feb 29
- Last dealings Mar 11
- Last declarations Jun 3
- For Settlement Jun 13

For further information see end of Brokers' Roundtable Service

Money was given for the call of Epicure, Astra Trust, Pihcom, Cauden, APV, Ford Sellers Morris, Norfolk Capital, Inoco, Helene of London, Waterford Glass, Platon, Eagle Trust, Polly Pack, Wheway, A. Fisher and Charrington. A put was arranged in TSB while double options were transacted in North Kalgull and BP partly-paid.

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS table with columns for Stock, Volume, Stock, Volume

RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY table with columns for British Funds, Corporations, Industrial and Properties, etc.

LONDON RECENT ISSUES table with columns for Issue, Price, Yield, etc.

FIXED INTEREST table with columns for Issue, Price, Yield, etc.

RIGHTS OFFERS table with columns for Issue, Price, Yield, etc.

Table with columns for Issue, Price, Yield, etc.

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Financial Times Wednesday March 9 1988

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

Table of stock market data for various countries including Australia, France, Germany, Netherlands, and Switzerland. Columns include country, date, and various stock indices.

Table of stock market data for Japan, listing various companies and their stock prices.

CANADA

Table of stock market data for Canada, including Toronto and Montreal closing prices for various stocks.

OVER-THE-COUNTER

Table of over-the-counter market closing prices for various stocks, including Nasdaq national market.

Indices

Table of various stock indices including Dow Jones, Nikkei, and others, with columns for high and low values.

CHIEF LONDON PRICE CHANGES YESTERDAY

Table showing price changes for various commodities and currencies in London.

TOKYO - Most Active Stocks

Table of most active stocks in Tokyo, including company names and price changes.

CANADA

Table of stock market data for Canada, including Toronto and Montreal closing prices.

NEW YORK ACTIVE STOCKS

Table of active stocks in New York, listing company names and price changes.

Advertisement for 'Have your FT. hand delivered in Norway' featuring the Financial Times logo and contact information.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES

Main table containing stock prices for various companies, organized in columns with headers for stock symbols, prices, and changes.

Continued on Page 45

NYSE COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES

AMEX COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES

Table of NYSE Composite Closing Prices. Columns include Stock, High, Low, Last, Change, and Volume. Includes sub-sections like 'Continued from Page 44' and 'Over-the-Counter'.

Table of AMEX Composite Closing Prices. Columns include Stock, High, Low, Last, Change, and Volume. Includes sub-sections like 'Over-the-Counter'.

OVER-THE-COUNTER Nasdaq national market closing prices

Table of Over-the-Counter (Nasdaq) national market closing prices. Columns include Stock, High, Low, Last, Change, and Volume.

Advertisement for 'Travelling on business with Iberia'. Text: 'Enjoy reading your complimentary copy of the Financial Times on scheduled flights from Madrid and Barcelona. FINANCIAL TIMES Europe's Business Newspaper'.

AMERICA

Pattern of trading gives market quiet confidence

Wall Street

US EQUITIES recorded healthy gains yesterday in what share analysts described as an atmosphere of cautious confidence.

In late New York business at DM1.8665, near its day's lows. It was quoted at a late 12.75.

The pattern of modest declines after substantial single-day gains of the past fortnight is being viewed optimistically by many analysts who believe this kind of cautious movement will build a solid base for a more prolonged rally soon.

However, most of the momentum to the market's gains is still coming from highly specific takeover situations rather than generalised investment.

Industries, which recently launched a hostile \$63-a-share takeover bid, have filed several law suits related to the takeover.

Among other stocks involved in takeover situations, Federated Department Stores, which is the subject of rival bids from Canadian and R H Macy, and which yesterday filed a law suit against its competitor, edged \$4 lower to \$68.

Oil companies were mostly modestly higher. A meeting is expected to take place in London today of nine non-Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries who will discuss ways of stabilising the oil market.

Norway faces cautious overseas investors Oslo slips over oil price nervousness

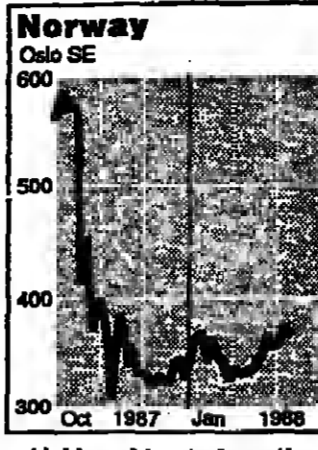
BY KAREN FOSSLI IN OSLO AND HILARY DE BOERR IN LONDON

OSLO'S post-crash stock market has fallen to levels near the lows of 1986, leaving foreign investors nervous and cautious towards a market they embraced with enthusiasm last year.

The source of current concern stems largely from the continuing plunge in oil prices and its effect on the Scandinavian market, which saw a sharp growth up to Black Monday last October.

Norway is western Europe's biggest oil producer after Britain, with oil the main fuel for growth in the economy and the stock exchange.

Overseas investors accounted for about 40 per cent of the transactions made on the Oslo Exchange last year. Annual activity by foreigners appears to have remained healthy in the first two months of this year, the "real level" of participation remained little changed, with investors going into and out of the market quite often, according to a house official.



mid blue chip stocks rather than the smaller, more volatile companies sought pre-crash. Mr Johan Ewertoff, Scandinavian analyst at Citicorp Securities, says Norway is generally taking to the sidelines amid fears of an imminent recession once fundamentals reassert themselves.

Other strong gains included holding Cobeqa, which has joined the De Benedetti side in the fight for La Générale, up BF350 at BF5,950, and market leader Petrofina, BF450 higher at BF11,450 on high turnover of 68,000 shares which apparently included some foreign buying.

Mr Tim Youngman, Scandinavian analyst at SBCI Savory Millin, asks: "Why put money into Norway when you can buy companies that are better managed in Finland, for example, on similar ratings?"

News of the current wage agreement helped push the Oslo SE Index up 9.8 per cent from February 16 to March 4 - in spite of falling oil prices in the same period.

Spurred by the wage deal, foreign investors are showing interest. But they are focusing on the high quality, more liquid after the close, stood steady at HK33.05.

ASIA

Yen's rise depresses Nikkei

Tokyo

LARGE-CAPITAL stocks and blue chips came under selling pressure in Tokyo yesterday, helping to send share prices lower for the second consecutive trading day, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

The Nikkei average dropped 150.85 to close at 25,465.73 after moving between a day's high of 25,597.17 and a low of 25,488.35. On Monday the Nikkei had eased 10.99. Volume yesterday totalled 838 million shares compared with Monday's 826m and declines outpaced advances by 578 to 319, with 166 issues unchanged.

The yen's rise against the dollar proved a major depressant, while concern about the recent rapid recent also gathered momentum and many players concluded a correction was necessary.

Chemicals, financials and construction eased. Y20 to Y600, dipped Y17 to Y762, Nomura Securities Y30 to Y3,880 and Ohbayashi Y10 to Y955.

Among the gains, Sumitomo Heavy Industries, the second most active stock with 54.7m shares, surged Y20 to Y600, spurred by increasing demand for industrial machines.

Bond prices slipped in the absence of new factors. After coming under small-lot selling pressure, the yield of the benchmark 5.0 per cent government bond maturing in December 1997 rose from 4.435 per cent at Monday's close to 4.445 per cent.

The 5.1 per cent bond falling due in June 1996, which was traded briskly the previous day, lost popularity.

Cavendish International Holdings, which also released 1987 results after the close, stood steady at HK33.05.

A PAUSE for breath and new direction left Australian stocks slightly lower in thin volume after Monday's sharp gains.

The All Ordinaries Index finished 7.9 down at 1,316.4 and losses were common to all sectors in turnover of 111m shares.

Among generally weaker industries, Boral, the building products group, lost 11 cents to A\$3.94 after reporting a limited 13.4 per cent gain in first half profits.

INVESTORS stayed on the sidelines as Singapore prices closed mixed after uneventful trading. The Straits Times Industrial Index gained 1.85 to 917.59. Turnover was 18.7m, up from 18m.

Trading in the Development Bank of Singapore was suspended. The bank announced a rise in post-tax profits for 1987 of 21.8 per cent to S\$121.6m.

Singapore

INVESTORS stayed on the sidelines as Singapore prices closed mixed after uneventful trading.

Trading in the Development Bank of Singapore was suspended. The bank announced a rise in post-tax profits for 1987 of 21.8 per cent to S\$121.6m.

THE INDIAN Finance Ministry says it will ease curbs on forward trading in shares from Friday to boost declining turnover and head off a strike threat by stockbrokers, according to the Bombay Stock Exchange, Reuter reports.

Turnover on India's 15 stock markets has fallen to about Rs250m (\$19m) a day from

SOUTH AFRICA

GOLD STOCKS closed higher as the bullion price remained steady. A rise in the financial rand, through which foreigners buy South African stocks, suggested the investment in solids was by overseas investors.

The gold index increased 22 to 1,266. Vaal Reefs and Randfontein rose R4 each to R260 and R220 respectively and Kloof gained R1.50 to R32.25.

Mining financials and other quality minings followed the example set by gold issues. Anglo American was up 66 cents to R46.75, platinum stock Impala gained 50 cents to R26 and diamond share De Beers, which is due to release its annual results on Friday, rose 66 cents to R27.75.

The industrial sector remained fairly static.

Esiba a day last June. Forward trading was banned in June to prevent a possible market crash after the ruling Congress (P) Party was routed in elections in January. The ban was partially lifted in October but brokers boycotted trading on February 19 to press for further relaxation and threatened another boycott from March 11.

EUROPE

Brussels rises to 1988 high as takeover fever persists

London

CONFIDENCE about the upcoming Budget helped stem London's losses yesterday, with the FT-SE 100 index ending down 3.3 at 1,821.5.

Prices were initially hit by the statement from Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher that there would be no early change in interest rates to deal with the sudden rise in sterling. But later reassessment reduced the losses.

ICI again gave ground on fears of the effect of sterling's strength on its exports and Glaxo, with dollar earnings to restate, eased lower.

By news that Philips and Nestlé had thrown their weight behind the group in the battle for Belgium's La Générale. The group's decision to incorporate its Sabaudia holding company into the larger Cir holding was also seen as good news as it is expected to strengthen Cir's balance sheet, the analyst said.

Cir finished L130 higher at L5,220 while Buitoni rose L28 to L8,499 and then pushed on to L8,900 in after hours trading. Oilvet climbed L260 to L9,160.

Fireoil added L50 to L2,720 in the wake of its counterbid for Firestone of the US.

AMSTERDAM was boosted by selective buying by overseas investors, with activity focusing on internationally traded stocks.

The mid-session ANP-CBS index rose in spite of the weaker dollar and closed up 1.4 at 228.1 in moderately active trade.

Takeover speculation surrounded leading insurance group Amey, which added F1 3.90 to F1 82.10 on relatively high turnover of 350,000 shares. Unconfirmed rumours said one possible offer was offering up to F1 65 a share.

Among banks, Amro added 30 cents to F1 65.70, with the market unsurprised by news that it was moving its international capital market operations from London to Amsterdam.

Leading publisher VNU, which reported a 23 per cent rise in annual profits, put on 50 cents to F1 7.50.

FRANKFURT had a quiet, lacklustre session as investors returned to worries about whether the dollar had reached

its long-term bottom or still had further to fall. The US currency lost more than a penny yesterday to a fixing of DM1.674. Analysts said the rise in sterling was an added factor but had not become significant enough to cause worries for German exporters to the UK.

The FAZ index eased 0.86 to 456.50 in thin turnover, with limited foreign selling. Machinery maker KHD fell a heavy DMS to DM96 on profit-taking after its sharp rise on Monday triggered by a forecast of improved results. Also in the sector, Linde shed DMS to DM567.

In cars, VW fell DMS.40 to DM237.30 amid speculation that the Government would float its 16 per cent stake this month. The Finance Ministry, VW and Dresdner Bank, the lead underwriter, all declined comment.

Bonds eased between 30 and 50 pfg following a weaker close on Monday in US credit markets. The 1986 federal bond yield rose to around 6.35 per cent.

PARIS moved lower in very thin volume as talk continued to focus on when President Mitterrand will make clear his electoral intentions. Worries about the lower dollar undermined sentiment and there was little corporate activity to enliven proceedings.

STOCKHOLM finished lower in dull trading, with the Affersvaerden index losing 5.9 to 784.2.

The main event of the day was the suspension of Swedish Match. The consumer goods and home improvement group, which rose SKr8 to SKr15 before trading was stopped, declined to comment on its reason for requesting suspension. The company presents its annual report today.

Pharmacia, which reported annual profits up 10 per cent, ended down SKr1 at SKr158.

Bourse trading was interrupted briefly when women protestors seeking shorter working hours threw play money onto the trading floor and shouted slogans.

ZURICH saw moderate trading and closed lower on the easier dollar and Wall Street's failure to provide a clear trend.

The Credit Suisse index slipped 5.5 to 461.1 with blue chips lower across the board. Union Bank bearers fell SF220 to SF23,300 and Credit Suisse bearers were off SF225 to SF2,550. Nestlé lost SF225 to SF2,675.

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March 1988

Table with columns: NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS, TUESDAY MARCH 8 1988, MONDAY MARCH 7 1988, DOLLAR INDEX. Rows include Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, West Germany, Hong Kong, Italy, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Singapore, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, USA, Europe, Pacific Basin, Euro-Pacific, North America, Europe Ex. UK, Pacific Ex. Japan, World Ex. US, World Ex. UK, World Ex. SA, World Ex. Japan, The World Index.

Base values: Dec 31, 1986 = 100; Finland: Dec 31, 1987 = 115.037 IHS S Index, 90.791 (Pound Sterling) and 94.94 (Local) Copyright: The Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd. 1987.